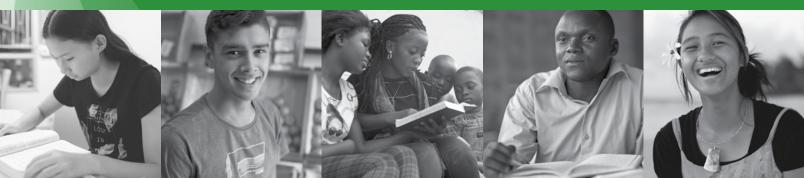


# EnglishConnect 2



## EnglishConnect 2 LIBRO DEGLI ESERCIZI

Le storie e i nomi usati in questo manuale, fatta eccezione per quelli a pagina 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 36, 49, 53, 57, 69, 73, 85, 96, 97, 101, 103, sono esempi o sono inventati e le immagine utilizzate hanno solo scopo illustrativo.

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### CONTENTS

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 4 LESSON 1: THE ENGLISH ALPHABET
- 6 LESSON 2: INTRODUCTIONS
- 10 LESSON 3: INTERESTS
- 14 LESSON 4: FAMILY AND FRIENDS
- 18 LESSON 5: FAMILY AND FRIENDS
- 22 LESSON 6: FEELINGS AND EMOTIONS
- 26 LESSON 7: NEEDS
- 30 LESSON 8: AT HOME
- 34 LESSON 9: AT HOME
- 38 LESSON 10: DAILY ROUTINES
- 42 LESSON 11: DAILY AND WEEKLY ROUTINES
- 46 LESSON 12: PAST EXPERIENCES
- 50 LESSON 13: PAST EXPERIENCES

- 54 LESSON 14: SHOPPING FOR FOOD
- 58 LESSON 15: MONEY AND SHOPPING
- 62 LESSON 16: IN THE COMMUNITY
- 66 LESSON 17: IN THE COMMUNITY
- 70 LESSON 18: HOLIDAYS
- 74 LESSON 19: GOING ON VACATION
- 78 LESSON 20: HEALTH AND SICKNESS
- 82 LESSON 21: HEALTH AND SICKNESS
- 86 LESSON 22: SPECIAL OCCASIONS
- 90 LESSON 23: SPECIAL OCCASIONS
- 94 LESSON 24: GOALS AND DREAMS
- 98 LESSON 25: REVIEW
- 104 VOCABULARY
- 113 ANSWER KEY

#### INTRODUZIONE

Il libro degli esercizi di EnglishConnect è progettato per essere utilizzato come risorsa complementare al manuale dello studente di EnglishConnect. Lo scopo di questo libro degli esercizi è quello di aiutarti a sviluppare la tua conoscenza della lingua inglese e di accrescere la tua fede attraverso attività e storie. Ti aiuterà anche a esercitarti con i vocaboli e la struttura di ciascuna lezione di EnglishConnect in tutte e quattro le aree di competenza: ascoltare, parlare, leggere e scrivere. Ogni lezione del libro degli esercizi è divisa nelle seguenti sezioni elencate qui sotto.

#### CONVERSATION(S) (CONVERSAZIONE)

Ogni lezione comincia con una o più conversazioni. Lo scopo è presentare i vocaboli, l'argomento e le strutture della lezione e di favorire la comprensione orale e scritta. Ogni sezione "Conversation" segue questo stesso schema:

- 1. Ascolta. Ascolta la conversazione per intero.
- 2. Ascolta e ripeti. Ascolta la conversazione riga per riga e ripeti ad alta voce ciò che senti.
- 3. Scrivi la parola mancante. Scrivi le parole mancanti nella conversazione. Scegli tra le parole contenute nel riquadro.
- 4. Leggi ad alta voce. Leggi la conversazione ad alta voce per esercitarti a parlare.
- 5. **Rispondi alle domande** (non tutte le lezioni contengono questa parte). Questa parte verifica ciò che hai capito della conversazione.

#### ACTIVITIES 2-8 (ATTIVITÀ 2-8)

Il numero di attività varia a seconda della lezione. Queste attività comprendono tabelle grammaticali, attività di lettura, scrittura, ascolto e produzione orale, e storie. Segui le istruzioni relative a ogni parte di un'attività. Per le attività di ascolto, fai riferimento al numero di attività e alla lettera corrispondente nella registrazione audio: ad esempio, "Activity 2B". Per le attività di produzione orale, ricordati di parlare ad alta voce. Puoi controllare le tue risposte nell'"AnswerKey" in fondo a questo libro.

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS (ISTRUZIONI PER GLI ESERCIZI CON UN COMPAGNO)

Questa sezione ha lo scopo di aiutarti a esercitarti a parlare inglese usando ciò che hai imparato nella lezione. Lavorando con un compagno, ripassa il "Vocabulary" che si trova in fondo a questo libro e svolgi le attività di questa sezione. Parla il più possibile in ciascuna attività. Usa questo tempo per esercitarti davvero a parlare inglese.

#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES (ATTIVITÀ DI APPROFONDIMENTO)**

Queste storie e attività hanno lo scopo di ampliare le tue capacità di leggere, ascoltare, parlare e scrivere in inglese e di contribuire ad accrescere la tua fede in Gesù Cristo. Ogni sezione "Expansion Activities" ruota intorno a una storia edificante. Per questa sezione, fai quanto segue:

- 1. **Impara i vocaboli.** Prima di leggere la storia, impara il significato dei vocaboli e delle espressioni contenuti in questa sezione. Questo ti aiuterà a prepararti a leggere la storia e anche a comprendere le parole e le espressioni chiave della storia.
- 2. Ascolta. Ascolta ogni sezione della storia. Puoi farlo tutte le volte che ti serve.

2 | EnglishConnect 2

- 3. **Leggi ad alta voce.** Leggi la storia ad alta voce per esercitarti nella lettura e nella pronuncia e come aiuto per capire la storia. Potresti voler ascoltare la storia un'altra volta e ripetere ad alta voce ciò che senti.
- 4. **Impara i vocaboli.** Questi vocaboli servono per aiutarti a capire i passi scritturali e le citazioni che accompagnano la storia. Impara il significato di questi vocaboli e di queste espressioni, prima di studiare i passi scritturali e le citazioni.
- 5. Leggi ad alta voce. Per esercitarti nella lettura e nella pronuncia, assicurati di leggere i passi scritturali e le citazioni ad alta voce diverse volte.
- 6. **Rifletti.** Queste domande sono formulate per aiutarti a pensare al principio insegnato nella storia. Dedica del tempo a riflettervi. Potresti mettere per iscritto le tue risposte alle domande.
- 7. Scrivi. Per questa sezione svolgerai un'attività di scrittura che ha lo scopo di aiutarti a mettere in pratica il principio della storia.
- 8. **Parla.** Per questa sezione svolgerai un'attività di produzione orale che ha lo scopo di aiutarti a esporre la storia che hai letto e il principio che hai imparato. L'attività prevede di ripetere la storia, raccontare un'esperienza personale collegata ad essa oppure condividere con gli altri delle riflessioni e delle relative mete.

#### LEGENDA DELLE ISTRUZIONI CONTENUTE IN QUESTO LIBRO DEGLI ESERCIZI

La tabella seguente mostra le istruzioni comunemente usate in questo libro degli esercizi. Le icone indicano le abilità che verranno usate nelle attività. Se non capisci le istruzioni in inglese, leggine la traduzione.

ABILITÀ	ISTRUZIONI	TRADUZIONE
الالالە LISTENING ASCOLTARE	Listen. Listen and repeat. Listen to the question/example. Listen and read. Listen, and then answer the question. You may listen more than once. *The audio for this book can be accessed at <i>englishconnect.org/audio</i>	Ascolta. Ascolta e ripeti. Ascolta la domanda o l'esempio. Ascolta e leggi. Ascolta, poi rispondi alla domanda. Puoi ascoltare più di una volta. *Si può accedere all'audio di questo libro su <i>englishconnect.org/audio</i>
SPEAKING PARLARE	Repeat. Answer aloud. Introduce Retell the story. Tell the story/scripture to Practice saying the questions aloud. Say Practice saying	Ripeti. Rispondi ad alta voce. Presenta Ripeti la storia. Racconta la storia/il passo scritturale a Esercitati a porre le domande ad alta voce. Di' Esercitati a dire

ABILITÀ	ISTRUZIONI	TRADUZIONE
READING LEGGERE	Read aloud. Read aloud, then listen. Read the question. Study the chart. Choose the correct response. Choose all that are correct. Answer the questions. Number the pictures. Learn the vocabulary. Read the scriptures aloud. Ponder.	Leggi ad alta voce. Leggi ad alta voce, poi ascolta. Leggi la domanda. Studia la tabella. Scegli la risposta giusta. Scegli tutte le risposte giuste. Rispondi alle domande. Assegna un numero alle immagini. Impara i vocaboli. Leggi i passi scritturali ad alta voce. Rifletti.
WRITING SCRIVERE	Write the missing/correct word. Rewrite the complete sentence. Write what you hear. Fill in the blanks/missing words. Write an/the answer (in a complete sentence). Finish the sentence. Be creative.	Scrivi la parola mancante/giusta. Riscrivi la frase completa. Scrivi quello che senti. Riempi gli spazi vuoti/inserisci le parole mancanti. Scrivi una/la risposta (con una frase completa). Finisci la frase. Sii creativo/a.

Imparare una nuova lingua è un processo che richiede tempo, pazienza e perseveranza. Dio può aiutarti a raggiungere i tuoi obiettivi. Prega per ricevere aiuto. Completa diligentemente le attività di questo libro degli esercizi. Metti in pratica ciò che impari. Quando agisci con fede per cercare l'aiuto di Dio e per fare del tuo meglio, la tua capacità di parlare, ascoltare, leggere e scrivere in inglese migliorerà.

Ti facciamo i migliori auguri per il tuo viaggio di apprendimento dell'inglese!

#### 4 | EnglishConnect 2—LESSON 1

#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### LESSON 1: THE ENGLISH ALPHABET

#### **ACTIVITY 1: ALPHABET REVIEW**

A. Study the chart. Listen and repeat.

REVIEW		»?
The English Alphabet		
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	vowels: a, e	e, i, o,

vowels: a, e, i, o, u

#### B. Listen and repeat.

A a = apple	B b = boy	C c = cat	D d = dog
E e = egg	F f = fan	G g = gum	H h = hand
l i = itch	J j = jump	K k = key	L   = leg
M m = mom	N n = neck	O o = olive	P p = pot
U u = under	V v = violin	W w = water	X x = X-ray
Y y = yellow	Z z = zebra		

#### ACTIVITY 2: VOWELS

A. Study the chart. Read about vowels.

In English, vowels usually make two sounds:

- a **short** sound This is the most common.
- a long sound This is when the vowel says it's own name.
- B. Listen and repeat.

	EE	
Vowel	Short	Long
а	apple	age
е	egg	eat
i	itch	ice
0	olive	open
u	under	uniform



C. Listen. Write the word in the correct box. Say the word aloud.

1. apple	2. eat	3. it	4. off	5. unit
ape	end	ice	over	up
ate	ear	ivy	olive	under
and	eel	in	on	United States
at	egg	itch	open	uncle
April	exit	I'm	old	uniform
Short a Long a	Short e Long e	Short i Long i	Short o Long o	Short u Long u

#### **ACTIVITY 3: SPELLING**

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Read aloud.

- 1. Hello. What is your name?
- 2. Regina.
- 3. Could you spell that, please?
- 4. R-e-g-i-n-a.
- 5. Could you repeat that, please?

6. R-e-g-i-n-a.

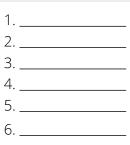
7. Thank you!

D. Listen to the names. Write what you hear.

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#### 6 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 2

#### **ENGLISHCONNECT 2**

#### **LESSON 2: INTRODUCTIONS**

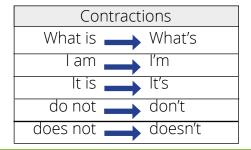
#### CONVERSATION: WHAT DO YOU LIKE TO DO?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hi! I'm Susan. \_\_\_\_\_ your name?
- 2. I'm Romy. \_\_\_\_\_ are you from, Susan?
- 3. l'm Canada.
- 4. What \_\_\_\_\_ you?
- 5. I'm from Germany, and \_\_\_\_\_ is my friend Ashley.
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ from the United States.
- 7. She \_\_\_\_\_ to travel, and so do I.
- 8. What do you \_\_\_\_\_ to do?

What's	about	this	likes	
Where	She's	from	like	

#### **ACTIVITY 2: CONTRACTIONS**



#### A. Read the chart. B. Listen to the examples, and repeat.

- 1. What is . . . What's
- 2. l am . . . l'm
- 3. lt is . . . lt's
- 4. do not . . . don't
- - 5. does not . . . doesn't
  - 6. I **don't** like to cook.
  - 7. He **doesn't** like to cook.



3))

#### **ACTIVITY 3: LIKE/DON'T LIKE**

A. Choose the correct word or words. Then listen.



- 1. I \_\_\_\_\_ to play soccer. a. don't like
  - b. doesn't like
  - c. like
  - d. likes
- 2. She \_\_\_\_\_ to play the violin.
  - a. don't like
  - b. doesn't like
  - c. like
  - d. likes
- 3. Karly \_\_\_\_\_ to shop.
  - a. don't like
  - b. doesn't like
  - c. like
  - d. likes

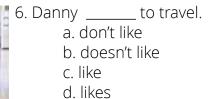




b. doesn't like c. like d. likes 5. They \_\_\_\_\_ to cook.

a. don't like

- a. don't like b. doesn't like
- c. like
- d. likes







1)?



3))

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B. Listen to the audio for 1–4. Match the audio to the picture. Write the number.



#### ACTIVITY 4: ASKING AND ANSWERING QUESTIONS—WHAT?

#### A. Study the chart.

Asking Questions—What					
What	do don't	l you they we	like to do?		
	does doesn't	he/she/it			

- B. Listen and repeat.
- 1. What do you like to do? *I like to cook.*
- 2. What does he like to do? *He likes to travel.*
- 3. What don't they like to do? *They don't like to cook.*
- 4. What doesn't she like to do? *She doesn't like to shop.*

»?

C. Listen, and then answer the questions. Listen to the answers.



#### ACTIVITY 5: SO DO I



- A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

   So
   1. Veronica \_\_\_\_\_\_ to bake.

   likes
   2. \_\_\_\_\_\_ about you, Pam?

   don't like
   3. No, Jim. I \_\_\_\_\_ to bake, but I like to play soccer.

   What
   4.
- E. Answer the questions.
- 1. Veronica likes to \_\_\_\_

a.





2. Jim likes to \_\_\_\_\_





3. Pam doesn't like to \_\_\_\_\_



b.

a.



#### ACTIVITY 6: DESCRIBING PEOPLE

A. Read, and then write the answer to the question. Use a complete sentence.



1. This is Hannah. She is from Germany. She likes to cook. What doesn't she like to do?



2. This is Min Ho. He's from Korea. He doesn't like to play soccer. What does he like to do?



3. Yina and Kamila are from Costa Rica. They don't like to run. What do they like to do?



4. Here are Sam and Kira. They are from Canada. They like to dance. What don't they like to do?

B. Listen and write about Sarah. Where is she from? What does she like to do?





#### **PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS**

- A. Help your practice partner review vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. 1. Show your practice partner pictures of your friends and family and introduce them. Name things they like to do. Example: "This is my sister, Becky. She likes to swim and sing."
  - 2. Ask your practice partner to restate what you told them about your family and friends.
  - 3. Ask your practice partner to show you pictures of his or her family and to introduce them. For example, ask, "What is her name?" and, "What does she like to do?"
  - 4. Have your practice partner ask you questions about your family.
- C. 1. Help your practice partner talk about Sarah from Activity 6B.
  - 2. Help your practice partner introduce someone. (Use the photos below.)





Lucas, Brazil



Yina and Kamila, Costa Rica



Nitha, Thailand



Hans, Germany



#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: WITH GOD NOTHING IS IMPOSSIBLE**

1. Learn the vocabulary: hip, wheelchair, attention, priesthood blessing

Based on a true story.

2. Listen and read. 3. Read aloud.



David is eight years old. He likes to run and play baseball. He plays with his friends.



The doctor runs tests. They find a problem with his hips. "He will be in a wheelchair soon," says the doctor.



Several days later, David is unhappy in the wheelchair. He wants to run and play with his friends.



One day when David wakes up, his left hip hurts. He can't walk well. He can't play with his friends.



"He might not be able to walk again." David's mother is very sad. She prays for help.



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The next day his other hip hurts. He can't walk at all. His mother takes him to the doctor.



At first, David likes the attention from his friends. He is happy in the wheelchair.



He asks his father for a priesthood blessing. He says, "I know Heavenly Father can heal me."



A few weeks after the blessing, David is no longer in a wheelchair. He can walk again. He had faith, and Heavenly Father healed him.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: faith, impossible, principle, action, power
- 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

Faith is to hope for things which are not seen, but which are true (see Hebrews 11:1; Alma 32:21).
"Faith is a principle of action and of power" (Bible Dictionary, "Faith").
"If ye have faith . . . nothing shall be impossible" (Matthew 17:20).

- 6. Ponder: What is faith? How can faith help you learn English?
- 7. Write: Finish the sentence. With faith, I can

8. Speak: Retell the story to three people. Then talk about how faith can help you learn English.

#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 3: INTERESTS**

#### CONVERSATION: WHAT DO YOU LIKE DOING?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. So, \_\_\_\_\_ do you like doing?
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I like writing.
- 3. Really? \_\_\_\_\_ do you like doing that?
- 4. I like it \_\_\_\_\_ it's relaxing. What do you like doing?
- 5. I like playing \_\_\_\_\_\_ because it's good exercise.
- 6. I \_\_\_\_\_ like playing sports.
- 7. Why \_\_\_\_\_?
- 8. Because it's tiring. What are some things you don't like \_\_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 9. I don't like reading because it's \_\_\_\_\_

#### ACTIVITY 2: VERB + ING

A. Study the chart.

l / you / we / they	like don't like	<u>(verb)</u> + ing
he/she/it	likes doesn't like	<u>(vero)</u> + mg

B. Look at the pictures below. Listen and repeat.



C. Look at the pictures above. Write the missing word. Use the words in the box.

1. H	He like	s			6.	She	lik	ke swimr	ming.	
2. H	He doe	esn't like			7.	They like .				
3. T	⁻hey lil	«e			8.	Не	da	ancing.		
4. T	⁻hey d	on't like		·	9.	They		reading	•	
5. 5	She like	es			10	). She doe	sn't like		·	
dancing	like	playing games	painting	cooking	don't	jogging	doesn't	likes	reading	bowling



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basketball doing boring r what Well because don't





<u>))</u>?

D. Finish the sentences. Read the sentences aloud.

1. I like \_\_\_\_\_

2. I don't like

#### ACTIVITY 3: . . . BECAUSE . . .

A. Listen to sentences 1–5. Choose the correct picture.



- B. Write a sentence with the words below. Use like/don't like and because.
- 1. They / go to the park / because / relaxing <u>They like going to the park because it's relaxing</u>.
- 2. I / not / do / crossword puzzles / because / boring\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. He / fish / because / fun \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. We / not / cook / because / difficult \_\_\_\_\_
- C. Read. Choose the correct answer.

This is my friend Sonja. She likes painting because it's relaxing. She doesn't like cooking. She thinks it's tiring.



- 1. Sonja likes painting because it's \_.
  - a. fun
  - b. relaxing
  - c. exciting
- Why doesn't Sonja like cooking?

   a. Because she doesn't like relaxing.
  - b. Because she thinks it's boring.
  - c. Because it's tiring.

#### ACTIVITY 4: ASKING QUESTIONS—WHY?

A. Study the chart.

Asking Questions—Why?					
Why	do don't	l you they we	like ( <u>verb)</u> + ing?		
	does doesn't	he/she/it			

This is my friend Sami. He likes playing soccer because it's challenging and fun. He's a very good soccer player. He likes dancing, but he is a terrible dancer.



- Sami likes playing soccer because it's \_\_\_\_.
   a. challenging
   b. relaxing
  - c. interesting
- 4. Sami likes dancing because he is a good dancer.a. True
  - b. False

#### E »? (\*)

- B. Read. Listen and repeat.
- 1. Why does she like going to the museum? *She likes it because it's interesting.*
- 2. Why doesn't he like playing cards? *He doesn't like it because it's boring.*
- 3. Why don't they like playing basketball? *They don't like it because it's tiring.*
- 4. Why do they like dancing? They like dancing because it's fun.

#### **ACTIVITY 5: MEET SUNDAY**

A. Listen. B. Read aloud. C. Answer the questions.





1. What does Sunday like doing?

2. Why does he like working with old people?

ACTIVITY 6: WRITE ABOUT YOUR FRIENDS	»?	
Write about three of your friends. What do they like doing? Why?	What don't they like doing? Why?	 

#### **PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS**

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Help your partner answer the questions below using complete sentences. Help him or her practice asking other questions about the pictures.



Why do they like going to the park?



Why doesn't she like watching TV?



Why does he like dancing?



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\*))

Why don't they like playing soccer?

C. Help your practice partner talk about these pictures using vocabulary from the lesson.









D. Help your practice partner talk about his or her interests.
 For example, ask, "What do you like doing? Why?" and, "What don't you like doing? Why not?"
 Help him or her ask you questions about your interests. Talk about three of your interests.

#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: GOD LOVES ME**



- 1. Learn the vocabulary: violinist, worry, remember, know
- 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



l write music. l eat cereal to get ideas for songs.



I had a problem. I wanted to be thin. I worried about eating all the time. I wasn't happy. I wanted to be happy. Many people love me. They helped me remember.



My name is Lindsey. I'm

a violinist. I dance while

I play.

I remember that God loves me.



I know that I am a daughter of God.



I am a violinist, a song writer, and a YouTuber. I love to eat cereal.



And I'm a member of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

4. Learn the vocabulary: commandment, eternity, truth, might, mind, strength

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

Elder Jeffrey R. Holland said: "My brothers and sisters, the first great *commandment* of all **eternity** is to love God with all of *our* heart, **might**, **mind**, and **strength**. . . . But the first great *truth* of all **eternity** is that God loves *us* with all of *His* heart, **might**, **mind**, and **strength**"

("Tomorrow the Lord Will Do Wonders among You," Ensign or Liahona, May 2016, 127).

- 7. Ponder: What does this quote mean? How do you feel God's love for you?
- 8. Write: I feel God's love for me because \_

9. Speak: Tell three people how you know God loves you.

#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### LESSON 4: FAMILY AND FRIENDS

#### CONVERSATION: WHO IS IN YOUR EXTENDED FAMILY?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. So, tell me about your extended \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Well, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ two uncles, an aunt, and a cousin.
- 3. Oh, \_\_\_\_\_ one cousin?
- 4. I have 10 \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. Yeah, my cousin and I \_\_\_\_\_ live together.
- 6. Oh, \_\_\_\_\_?
- 7. How old \_\_\_\_\_ she?
- 8. She's 20 years old, a little \_\_\_\_\_ than me.
- 9. She actually works in the \_\_\_\_\_ building as I do.
- 10. Oh! \_\_\_\_\_ does she work?
- 11. She \_\_\_\_\_ at the bank.

#### **ACTIVITY 2: FAMILY MEMBERS**

A. Study the chart.

Masculine								
grandfather grandpa uncle nephew cousin father-in-law b					brother-in-law	stepfather	stepbrother	
	Feminine							
grandmother grandma	aunt	niece	cousin	mother-in-law	sister-in-law	stepmother	stepsister	

- B. Read and choose the correct answer.
- 1. This is Katya. Her brother has a child. Katya is\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. an aunt b. an uncle c. a grandmother
- My name is An. This is my uncle's child. This is my \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. cousin b. niece c. nephew





- 2. This is Luis. He is with his father's father. He is with his\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. grandmother
  - b. uncle
  - c. grandfather
- 4. This is Ines. She is my brother's wife. She is my \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. mother-in-law b. stepsister
  - c. sister-in-law







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same family cousins really works Where have younger just is actually

#### ACTIVITY 3: USING "HAVE" AND "BE" VERBS

#### A. Study the chart. B. Write the correct form of the verb *have* or *be* in each sentence.

The Ve	erb <b>Be</b>
l am	tall
you / we / they	thin
are	old
he / she / it	married
is	bald

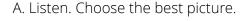
- 1. My sisters and I \_\_\_\_\_ long hair.
- 2. My grandmother \_\_\_\_\_ short.
- 3. I look like my dad. We \_\_\_\_\_ the same nose.

#### **ACTIVITY 4: DESCRIBING PEOPLE**

The Verb <b>Have</b>				
have	long hair			
you / we / they	blue eyes			
have	curly hair			
he / she / it	glasses			
has	a beard			

- 4. I have one cousin, and he \_\_\_\_\_ dark eyes.
- 5. My aunt and uncle \_\_\_\_\_ divorced.
- 6. My grandfather \_\_\_\_\_ a mustache.









a.

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B. Write a sentence.

Example: My grandmother / short hair.

#### <u>My grandmother has short hair.</u>

- 1. My great-grandfather / a beard
- 2. My brother and my sister / quiet

- 3. My sister / curly hair
- 4. My grandparents / old
- 5. My niece / tall
- C. Listen. Write three things that you hear.





She is my _	
She has	
She is	



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She is my	
She has	
She is	

#### **ACTIVITY 5: FORMING QUESTIONS**

#### A. Study the charts.

Yes/No Questions				
Are	you / they	married?		
ls	he / she	cousins? athletic?		
Do	you / they	have children?		
Does	he / she	like playing soccer? have a beard?		

B. Listen and write the question you hear.

1	4
2	5
3	6

"Wh-" Questions						
What	do does	you / they he / she	like doing?			
Where	do does	you / they he / she	live? work?			
How many _	do does	you / they he / she	have?			
How old	are is	you / they he / she	?			

#### **ACTIVITY 6: MY FAMILY**

Describe one of your grandparents. Write about his or her physical description (eyes, hair, tall/short, and so on) Write about his or her personality (funny, shy, loud, kind, athletic, and so on). Write five sentences or more.

Example:

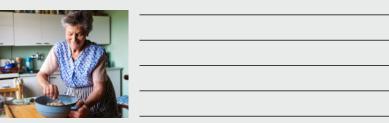
My grandmother is a wonderful woman. She has short gray hair. She is a really good cook. She always has candy for the grandchildren. She is a widow.

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the pictures below. Help your practice partner think of questions they could ask the people in the pictures. For example, ask, "Are you married? Is this your grandfather? Are you cousins? How old is your grandson?" Then show them your own family photos, and help them ask you questions.



- C. Look at the pictures in Activity 4. Help your practice partner describe the people in the pictures. They should include physical descriptions and personality. Then ask your practice partner to:
  - 1. Describe a cousin.
  - 2. Describe a grandparent.
  - 3. Describe a brother or sister.
  - 4. Describe an aunt.
  - 5. Describe a parent.





#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: A SMELLY FAMILY HISTORY**

1. Learn the vocabulary: pioneer, wagon chase, smell, skunk, stink

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



John loves this story about his great-great-grandfather Henry Williams Nichols.



Henry is a pioneer. He guards the wagons.



One night, he sees an animal running around the tents. He picks up a big stick.



He chases the animal far from the camp. He hits the animal with the stick.



He smells something terrible. The animal is a skunk. Now he smells terrible !



He has to wash his clothes and throw away his shoes.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: ancestor, sacrifice, forefathers, plant, promise
- 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"And he [Elijah] shall **plant** in the hearts of the children the **promises** made to the fathers, and the hearts of the children shall turn to their fathers" (Doctrine and Covenants 2:2).

- 6. Ponder: What do you know about your ancestors? What can you learn from their history?
- 7. Write about one of your ancestors. Write as much

as you can. \_

8. Speak: Talk about this ancestor to three people.



The next morning he has to eat breakfast by himself. He takes many baths because he stinks.



John laughs every time he reads this story! He loves his great-great-grandfather.



#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 5: FAMILY AND FRIENDS**

#### CONVERSATION: WHAT IS YOUR FAMILY LIKE?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. My mom is \_\_\_\_\_ than my dad.
- 2. My dad is short and he has a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. He's really \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Really? \_\_\_\_\_ your mom like?
- 5. She is quiet and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. I'm more \_\_\_\_\_ than my mom but I'm shorter \_\_\_\_\_ her.
- 7. Is your dad \_\_\_\_\_?
- 8. No, he isn't. He's \_\_\_\_\_. He always makes jokes.
- 9. He's \_\_\_\_\_ and he wears glasses.



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like thin than quiet funny What's outgoing beard bald taller

»?

you him / her

them my sister my uncle my mother

#### ACTIVITY 2: COMPARING PEOPLE—ADJECTIVE + "-ER THAN"

A. Study the chart.

	am
you / we / they	are
he / she	is

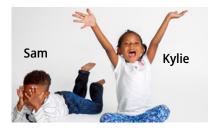
#### B. Listen to sentences 1–6 and repeat aloud.



"(adjective)" + -er than

C. Write a sentence using "(*adjective*)" + "-er than." Use the words given.

Example: Sara, Ethan (tall) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Sara is taller than Ethan.



1. Kylie, Sam (loud)



2. Danilo, Grandma (young)



#### 3. Odalys, Paula (short)

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#### **ACTIVITY 3: LONGER ADJECTIVES**

A. Listen to sentences 1–4 and repeat aloud.



- B. Listen again. Write what you hear.
- 1. My cousin, my sister (athletic)

3. Jacques, other chefs (competitive)

2. Cars, bicycles (expensive)

4. My uncle, my aunt (generous)

C. Listen to the question. Answer aloud in a complete sentence.









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Culture tip: It is considered rude in the U.S. to say that someone is fat.

#### ACTIVITY 4: AM LIKE / LOOK LIKE

A. Listen to the examples. Repeat aloud. B. Listen to sentences 1–5. Choose the best picture.



Example 1 I **am like** my mom. We both like to read.



Example 2 I look like my dad.























#### **ACTIVITY 5: CHLOE'S FAMILY REUNION**

#### A. Listen to the story.

B. Listen to the questions. Answer aloud, then write your answer.

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#### ACTIVITY 6: COMPARE YOURSELF TO YOUR FAMILY

Use words from this lesson to compare yourself to your family. Write 1 or 2 sentences for each. Examples: "I am funnier than my brother." "We are both athletic."

- 1. brother/sister\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. cousin \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. aunt/uncle\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. parent\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. grandparent\_\_\_\_\_

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Ask your partner to retell the story, "Chloe's Family Reunion." Ask them to tell you about a time they got together as a family. Ask, "Have you been to a family reunion? Tell me about some of your family members that were there. What did you do together? How did you feel? Were you shy, like Chloe?" Let them ask you the same questions.
- C. Ask your partner to make sentences comparing himself or herself to family members using these words: *tall/short, big/small, young/old, loud/quiet, strong, intelligent, beautiful, athletic, generous, thoughtful, patient, outgoing, competetive, funny, nice.* Then look at the pictures below and ask the questions.

Megan **looks like** her mom. They both have blonde hair and blue eyes. Ask: Who do you look like?



Eva **is like** her dad. They both like to write stories. Ask: Who are you like?



#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: A GREAT FATHER**

1. Learn the vocabulary: muscular dystrophy, active, take away, great attitude, gold medal, price tag

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



My name is Vance Luis Taylor. I live in Washington, DC. I work near the White House.



My mom said, "You may not be as strong as other kids. But you can be smart. You can be funny. You can be active."



"Muscular dystrophy can't take those things away from you."



My wife should get the gold medal for marriage. She's an amazing wife!



We're blessed to have two beautiful daughters. I wanted them to be smart and ugly. They are both smart and beautiful.



From the second they were born, they just wrapped me around their little fingers.



"He has such a great attitude and just loves to have fun. He loves life. He's a great father."



I believe that friends and family are what make life worth living. There's just no way to put a price tag on that.

5. Learn the vocabulary: uprightly, essential, turn, qualities

6. Read aloud. Then listen.

"And they shall . . . teach their children to pray, and to walk **uprightly** before the Lord" (Doctrine and Covenants 68:28).

"Perhaps the most **essential** of a father's work is to **turn** the hearts of his children to their Heavenly Father"

(D. Todd Christofferson, "Fathers," Ensign or Liahona, May 2016, 94).

7. Ponder: What are some good qualities for a father to have?

8. Write: Make a list of **qualities** a good father has.

9. Speak: Talk about how a good father is like our Heavenly Father. Tell three people.

#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 6: FEELINGS AND EMOTIONS**

#### CONVERSATION: HOW ARE YOU?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hey, Andrea, are you \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2. You look \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Well, I'm kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Oh, no! \_\_\_\_\_ happened?
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ are you frustrated?
- 6. I just \_\_\_\_\_ a fight with my brother.
- 7. But \_\_\_\_\_ OK. I'll \_\_\_\_ all right.
- 8. Wow! I'm \_\_\_\_\_. Is he \_\_\_\_\_ at you?
- 9. Yeah, it's \_\_\_\_\_\_ I broke his \_\_\_\_\_.



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all right What it's frustrated sad because brother sorry mad had phone be Why

#### ACTIVITY 2: IS EVERYTHING OK?

A. Listen to the question. Write how the person is feeling. Choose from the words in the box.



No, I <u>am frustrated.</u>





Yes, she \_





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No, \_



surprised amused afraid tired frustrated mad sad bored angry embarrassed happy calm

#### ACTIVITY 3: WHEN DO YOU FEEL ...?

A. Listen to sentences 1–6. Decide if *you* agree or not. Circle your answer.



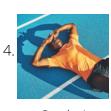
a. So do I. b. I don't.



a. So do I. b. I don't.



a. So do I. b. I don't.



a. So do I. b. I don't.



a. So do I. b. I don't.



a. So do I. b. I don't.

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\_\_\_\_\_8. I feel happy when I go to the temple.

d.

#### **ACTIVITY 4: WHEN DO YOU FEEL HAPPY?**

a.

A. Read the sentence. Choose the picture that matches the sentence.

- e. g. \_\_\_\_5. I feel happy when I laugh with my friends.  $f_1$ . I feel happy when I am with my family. \_\_\_\_\_6. I feel happy when I'm outside in nature. \_\_\_\_\_2. I feel happy when I serve someone. \_\_\_\_7. I feel happy when I do family history.
  - \_\_\_\_\_3. I feel happy when I hear beautiful music.
  - \_\_\_\_\_4. I feel happy when I eat good food.
- B. Answer the questions in a complete sentence. Practice saying the questions and answers aloud.

Example: When do you feel sad? <u>I feel sad when my children are sad.</u>

- 1. When do you feel happy? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. When do you feel mad? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. When do you feel afraid?\_\_\_\_\_

C. Read the questions, and respond aloud. Listen to the examples.

- 1. When do you feel calm?
- 2. When do you feel nervous?
- 3. When do you feel frustrated?
- 4. When do you feel exhausted?

#### **ACTIVITY 5: SHOWING EMPATHY**

A. Listen to the situation. Choose the response that shows empathy.



- 1. Your response: a. Wow! That's amazing!
  - b. I'm sorry.
  - c. What happened?



3. Your response: a. I'm sorry. That's hard. b. Are you all right? c. I hope you have a great day!

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2. Your response: a. That's great! b. Oh, no! Are you OK? c. Where are you?



- 4. Your response:
  - a. Wow. That's great.
  - b. I'm sorry. That's hard.
  - c. Is everything OK?





#### **ACTIVITY 6: KING SINBAD'S FALCON**

A. Learn the vocabulary: forest, thirsty, mountains, falcon, drink, spill, sword, poisonous snake

B. Listen to the story. Then read aloud.



Sinbad was a king in Persia. He was young and energetic. But he was not calm. He often got angry.



He had a beautiful house next to a big forest.

Finally, he found some

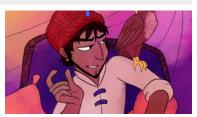
lips.

water. He put water in his

cup. He put the cup to his



And he had a falcon. He ate out of Sinbad's hand.



The falcon slept next to Sinbad. loved this falcon. The falcon It was a calm and obedient falcon. "You are my best friend," he told the falcon.



One day, Sinbad got lost in the forest. He was very thirsty. He looked for water close to the mountains. He looked for water near the trees.



Now Sinbad was very angry. "You are a disrespectful bird," Sinbad said. He pulled out his snake in the water. The sword and killed the falcon.

#### C. Write what you hear.



He put his cup in the water. Then he saw a poisonous water was poisonous.



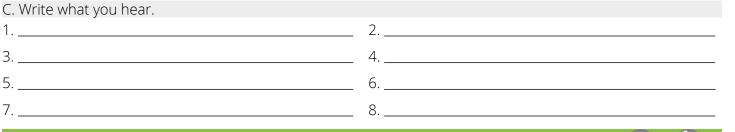
But the falcon hit the cup out of his hands. The water spilled on the ground.



Sinbad put water in the cup again. But the falcon hit the cup again. The water spilled again.



He picked up the falcon and held it in his hands. "Oh, my friend," he cried. "You helped me. And I killed you." Sinbad was very sad. "I was an angry king," he said. "But I will be kind now."



#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Ask your partner to retell the story, "King Sinbad's Falcon" in their own words. Ask questions about the story. For example, ask, "How did Sinbad often feel? What animal did he have as a friend? What happened in this picture? How did Sinbad feel at the end of the story? Do you like this story? Why or why not? What did you learn from this story?"
- C. Look at the guestions in Activity 4C. Let your partner ask you these guestions, and answer them. Then ask your partner to answer them.

D. Look at the pictures. Help your practice partner make questions they could ask the person. Examples: "Are you OK? Is something wrong? What happened? How are you feeling? Why are you . . . ?"









E. Ask your practice partner how they are feeling today and why they feel that way.

#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE SHOES**



1. Learn the vocabulary: field, silver dollar, hid (hide)

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Two boys walked down a road. They saw an old coat and shoes by the road.



So they put a silver dollar in each shoe. Then they hid and watched.



They saw a man working in the field. The younger boy said, "Let's hide the shoes! It will be fun!"



When the man came back, he looked tired. He put on his shoe and felt something hard.



The older boy didn't think that was a good thing to do. He said, "Let's put money in the shoes instead."



He pulled the dollar out of his shoe. He was surprised.



He put the other shoe on and found the other dollar. He was surprised again.



Then he knelt down and prayed. He thanked Heavenly Father for the money.



His wife was sick and his children didn't have food. He was very grateful. The boys felt happy.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: notice, watch over
- 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"God does **notice** us, and he **watches over** us. But it is usually through another person that he meets our needs"

(Teachings of Presidents of the Church: Spencer W. Kimball [2006], 82).

6. Ponder: How do you feel when you help others? How do you feel when others help you?7. Write about a time when someone helped you.

7. White about a time when someone helped you.

8. Speak: Tell the story to someone. Tell about a time when someone helped you.

#### 26 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 7

#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 7: NEEDS**

#### CONVERSATION: ASKING FOR HELP

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hey, \_\_\_\_\_ you pick Sarah up after school today?
- 2. Actually, I \_\_\_\_\_ because I've got a meeting at that time. Sorry.
- 3. OK . . . \_\_\_\_\_ you give her a ride to school tomorrow morning?
- I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to take John to the doctor.
   Unfortunately, that won't work either. I've got to make an important \_\_\_\_\_\_ at 8:00 a.m.
- 5. OK, I'll \_\_\_\_\_ her off tomorrow.
- 6. But what about tomorrow afternoon? Maybe I could \_\_\_\_\_ her up then?

Oh, can you?

Yeah.

 That would be wonderful! I'll \_\_\_\_\_ John to the doctor tomorrow afternoon, then. All right, sounds like a plan.

#### **ACTIVITY 2: MAKING REQUESTS**

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phone call can't could pick need drop can take

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A. Study	the chai	t. Read the	sentences.	Listen to	sentences	1–6, and repea	at.
, Jeaa			Sericerices.		Schicehices		

Polite Requests	Direct Requests	Some Possible Answers	
Will you Would you Can you Could you	l need you to l want you to	Yes, I will/can No, I won't/can't because	



Will you turn on the light?



I want you to buy milk.



Can you give me a ride?



I can't because I have to help my parents.



I need you to lock the gate.



I won't because I broke my arm.

B. Write a request with the words given.

Example: you / Could / pick up / your sister? <u>Could you pick up your sister?</u>

- 1. Can / make / you / dinner \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. help / you / cook / Will \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. clean / you / Could / help \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. want / I / to clean / you \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. the sink / Would / fix / you \_\_\_\_\_

C. Read the request. Say a more polite form of each request. Listen to the examples.



I need you to paint the wall.



I want you to send an email every Monday.



I want you to lend me a coat.



I want you to carry these bags.

2.



I need you to make a doctor's appointment for me.



I need you to take me to the market.

D. Write a more polite form of each request.



З.



I want you to wash these clothes. Would you wash these clothes?



I want you to give your cousin a ride.



I need you to clean the floors.



I want you to send an email with my schedule.

E. Listen to sentences 1–6. Write the number next to the correct response.

- \_\_\_\_\_a. Yes, I will be at your house at 6:00. \_\_\_\_\_b. Yes, I will send that email right now.
- \_\_\_\_\_d. No, can I bring drinks instead?
- \_\_\_\_\_e. Yes, I will drop it off in an hour.
- \_\_\_\_\_f. No, I don't know how to fix that.



#### **ACTIVITY 3: I NEED HELP**

#### A. Read the situation. Say a request. Listen to the example answers.



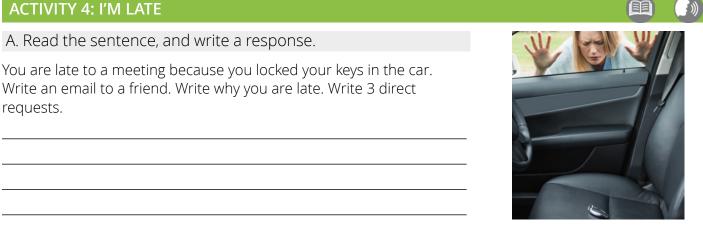
Example: You need to take the bus to work. You do not have enough money. You turn to your brother and say: "Can you give me some money for the bus?"

- 1. You need to take your child to school. Your keys are locked in the car. You call your friend and say:
- 2. You want to clean your apartment. The kitchen and bedroom are messy. You talk to your child and say:
- 3. Your tooth really hurts. You need to go to the dentist. You do not have a car. You call a friend and say:

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4. It is late at night. Your neighbor is playing loud music. You want to go to sleep. You call your neighbor and say:



#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the pictures below. Help your practice partner make two requests for each picture. Make one polite request and one direct request.

Examples: Polite: "Could you teach me how to cook?" Direct: "I need you to teach me how to cook."











C. Help your practice partner make requests with the words below.

- 1. pick up the garbage.
- 2. wash the dishes

3. sweep the floor

4. help me study

#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE GOOD SAMARITAN**

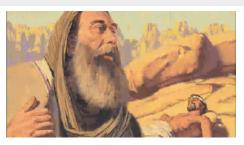
1. Learn the vocabulary: thieves, robbed, Jew (Jewish), Samaritan, innkeeper

Luke 10:25-37

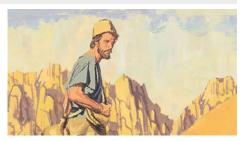
2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



One day a man was walking on the road to Jericho. Thieves robbed and beat him. They left him on the road, almost dead.



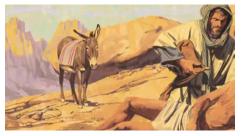
Soon a priest came by and saw the man. The priest walked by on the other side of the road. He did not help the man.



Another man who worked in the temple came by. He saw the injured man.



But he did not help the man either. He walked by on the other side of the road.



Then a Samaritan man came by. The Samaritan felt sad for him.



The Samaritan helped the man. He took care of the man's wounds and put clothes on him.



The Samaritan took the man to an inn. He cared for him until the next day.



Before the Samaritan left, he gave money to the innkeeper. He told him to take care of the man.



Jesus told this story. He wants us to be like the Samaritan and help others.

4. Learn the vocabulary: least, brethren

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the **least** of these my **brethren**, ye have done it unto me" (Matthew 25:40).

6. Ponder: Who needs your help? How can you help them?

7. Write: Make a list of people you can help. Write one thing you can do to help each person.

8. Speak: a. Talk about how you are going to help these people.

b. Retell the story of the good Samaritan to three people.

30 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 8

#### **ENGLISHCONNECT 2**

#### **LESSON 8: AT HOME**

#### **CONVERSATION: WHERE DO YOU LIVE?**

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

1. Hey Rick, where do you live?

- 2. I live on 231 Baker \_\_\_\_\_. Do you know that area? It's in a \_\_\_\_\_ part of Jackson.
- 3. Oh, yeah. Do you like \_\_\_\_\_ there?
- 4. Not really. My \_\_\_\_\_ is small, and there's a lot of traffic. It's pretty \_\_\_\_\_ and not very safe.
- 5. That's too bad. I live on 1612 Orange Grove \_\_\_\_\_\_ It's in a \_\_\_\_\_ part of Gulfport.
- 6. Oh, yeah. How do you like it, Lisa?
- 7. I love it! The \_\_\_\_\_\_ is quiet, and the houses are old and \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. That sounds nice! I'd like to \_\_\_\_\_\_ to a place like that someday.
- E. Choose the correct answer.
- 1. Why doesn't Rick like where he lives?
  - a. The neighborhood is too small.
  - b. It is too quiet and old.
  - c. His house is old and small.
  - d. It is too noisy and not safe.

#### **ACTIVITY 2: WHERE I LIVE**

A. Listen to sentences 1–5, and repeat.



B. Listen to sentences 1–4. Write what you hear.

1.\_\_\_\_\_



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	lively	noisy	Street	
neighborh	nood	move	historic	Road
liv	ing	house	beautiful	

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2. Where does Lisa live?

- a. In a historic part of town.
- b. In a new neighborhood.
- c. On a lively avenue.
- d. Next to a busy street.



3. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_

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#### **ACTIVITY 3: DESCRIBE THE PLACE**

A. Look at the picture. Use the words below to talk about the picture. Say at least three things about each picture. Use complete sentences. B. Listen to the examples.

safe, unsafe, quiet, noisy, busy, crowded, historic, new, peaceful, lively, beautiful, ugly, popular, modern, dry



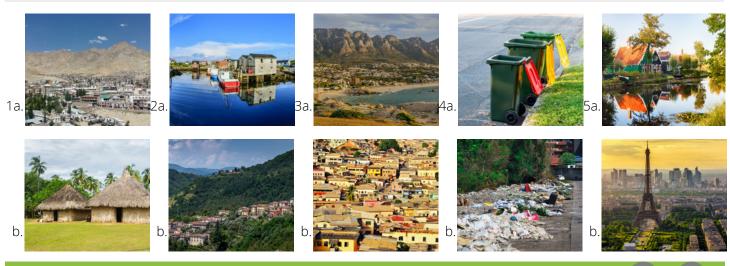
C. Look at each picture. Use the words above to write about the picture. Write at least two complete sentences.





neighborhood

D. Listen to each description. Choose the picture that matches.



#### ACTIVITY 4: PREPOSITIONS OF LOCATION—IN AND ON

#### A. Study the chart.

I live -	on	a noisy <b>street</b> . a busy <b>road</b> . the <b>coast</b> .
	in	a crowded <b>city</b> . a quiet <b>neighborhood</b> . a small <b>town</b> . the <b>mountains</b> .

B. Write the correct missing word. Say the sentence aloud.

- 1. I live \_\_\_\_\_ a peaceful town.
- 2. She lives \_\_\_\_\_ a crowded street.
- 3. They live \_\_\_\_\_ an unsafe neighborhood.
- 4. Do you live \_\_\_\_\_ the city?
- 5. Do you like living \_\_\_\_ the coast.
- 6. We live \_\_\_\_\_ the mountains.
- 7. He lives \_\_\_\_\_ a new road.

# **ACTIVITY 5: TABATA'S STORY**

A. Listen to the story. Tell the story to someone.







C. Describe your hometown. Write 2 or 3 sentences.

Do you like living there? Why or why not?

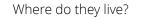


- B. Answer the questions.
- 1. Where did Tabata grow up? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Did she like her home? Why? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Why did she feel safe in Nicaragua?
- 4. What did she do there? \_\_\_\_\_

## PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Ask your practice partner to answer the questions using the pictures and words given. Help them make complete sentences.

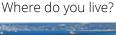
Where do you live?





quiet neighborhood

busy street





the coast

Where does she live?





Where does he live?



apartment building

C. Look at the pictures. Imagine you live there. Take turns asking each other, "Do you like living here? Why or why not?" Help them answer in a complete sentence.



Take turns describing your hometown. What is the neighborhood like? Describe where you live now. Do D. you like living there? Why or why not?







## **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: HOME IS WHERE YOUR FAMILY IS**

1. Learn the vocabulary: smoke, everywhere, on fire, crawled, ladder, burned, destroyed

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Johnny woke up. It was dark in his bedroom. He smelled smoke. He jumped out of bed.



He yelled for his parents. They woke up. They saw the smoke too.



**B** 

His dad ran to get his little sister out of her room. There was smoke everywhere. The house was on fire!



They all crawled to a window and got out on the roof. His dad found the ladder. They got out of the house safely.



Johnny thought for a moment and said, "Oh, that was not our home. That was just our house.



His mom called the fire department. The house burned for a long time. All of Johnny's things were destroyed.



We still have our home. We just don't have any place to put it right now."



A neighbor said, "Johnny, it's too bad your home burned down."



Johnny knew that a home is where your family is.

4. Learn the vocabulary: treasure, heaven

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

*"Where your treasure is, there will your heart be also"* (Luke 12:34).

"Home can be a *heaven* on earth when we are filled with love" ("Home Can Be a Heaven on Earth," *Hymns,* no. 298).

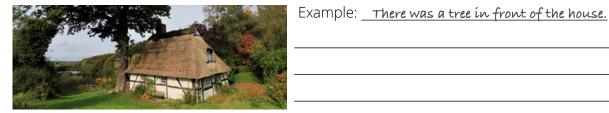
Ponder: What is the difference between a house and a home? How do you make your house into a home?
 Write three things you can do to show more love in your home.

34   EnglishConnect	2—LESSON 9						
ENGLISHCO	NNECT 2		LESSON 9: AT H	IOME			
CONVERSAT	ION: WH	ERE DID YOU	GROW UP?		»?		Ē
A. Listen. B. L	isten and i	repeat. C. Wri	te the missing word.	D. Read aloud			
1. Yuna, where	did you	up?		100	and the second		
I'm from Utal	h. Have you	u heard of Ore	m, Sam?				
Yes!	in Oren	n?		J. M. La			T
2. My house wa	as	a big	g park and	A sale		-	
a scho	pol across t	he street. But	later we moved.				
How about y	ou, Sam?						
			use when I	H			
younger, but	we lived _	a gro	ocery store. So, Yuna,				>
what were yo	u like wher	n you lit	ttle?				
4. I was actually	/ kind of	, mostly we	ell-behaved. I a		there was		
lot of friends	s though.			grow	shy was		. 10
E. Choose the	correct ans	swer.					
			What was Yuna like	when she 3	. Where was	the park?	
Yuna's house a. a par			was a child? a. shy			s the street	
b. a gro c. a sch	ool		b. quiet c. disobedient			om the groc o Yuna's ho	
ACTIVITY 2:		AS / THERE W				***	
A. Study the ch	nart.	В. С	Thoose the correct fo	rm of <i>There was</i>	or There were	e. Say the	
		S	entence aloud. Lister	to the correct	answer.		
Singul	ar	Plu	ural		l	_ a lot of do	gs in my
	a dog a school	There were	many dogs schools	The second second	neighborhoo a. The	d. ere was	
	a house		two houses		b. The	ere were	
2				<u>,</u> Л		two play	arounde
2	a lake i	next to my 3	a big	green park 4	ose to my bi	two plays	51001105

- house. a. There was
  - b. There were
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ a big green park across the street from my home. a. There was b. There were
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ two playgr close to my building. a. There was b. There were

5 a school on my	6 tall trees in my	7 several tall buildings
street.	neighborhood.	not far from where I lived.
a. There was	a. There was	a. There was
b. There were	b. There were	b. There were

C. Look at the picture. Describe the picture in three complete sentences using *There was* or *There were*.



## ACTIVITY 3: THE PAST TENSE BE AND HAVE

	Be (Past)		Have (Past)		Past)
I	was	<b>Adjective</b> well-behaved	l		Noun
you we they	were	athletic Prepositional Phrase	you we they	a dog a lot of friend	
he / she / it	was	in front of the house near the park	he she it		a small car

A. Study the chart. B. Answer the questions using the words and pictures given. Listen to the examples.



athletic



Example: What was your cousin like as a child? <u>He was athletic.</u> 1. What were you and your sister like as children?

2. What was your brother like as a child?









happy

- shy
- 3. What were you like as a teenager?

4. What were you like as a child?

5. What were your parents like?

C. Listen to the sentences about Izak. Then answer the question. Choose all that are correct.



1. What was true about Izak?

a. Izak lived across from the market. b. Izak lived close to the market.

- c. Izak was disobedient at home.
- d. Izak was shy when he was a child.
- e. Izak was helpful at the market.
- f. Izak's house had a black gate.

D. Look at the pictures. Write an answer to the question in three complete sentences using had.

1. What did Izak and his family have when he was growing up?







## ACTIVITY 4: GORDON TELLS A STORY

A. Listen and read. B

B. Read aloud.



When he was 15, his mom died. He moved in with his older sister. She lived in a big city. The neighborhood was crowded, noisy, and unsafe.



Gordon Parks was born in 1912 in a

small town. His home was full of love.

But his town was not. "Black kids can't

One day he was very hungry. He thought, "Maybe I can steal some money." He saw a man. He pulled out his knife. He started to shake.



Soon, people paid him to take pictures. He went back to his small town. He took pictures of his school and his friends.



had taught him to be good. "Sir," he said, "could you buy this knife? I'm so hungry. It costs one dollar." The man said, "No." Then he gave Gordon two dollars.



His pictures told new kinds of stories. They were stories of people in unsafe neighborhoods. They were stories of people who were angry.



He argued with his brother-in-law. He had to move out. For many months, he lived on the streets.



After that, Gordon worked hard. One day he bought a used camera. He took pictures of the noisy streets. He took pictures of poor people in big cities.



They were also stories of people who were kind. And they were stories of people who were hopeful. What is it like where you live? What kind of stories can you tell?

## PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the questions in Activity 3B. Use those questions to ask your practice partner questions about their childhood. Substitute vocabulary when needed. For example, if they don't have siblings, ask about cousins. Help them say as much as they can. Then ask more questions. For example, ask, "Who were their friends? What were their friends like?" Then let them ask you the same questions.
- C. Talk about your childhood homes. Ask, "What type of home did you have? What did your home look like? Where did you live? What was close by? Who lived there with you?" Can they describe the home they live in now? Now let them ask you about your childhood home.
- D. Help your practice partner retell the story of Gordon Parks. Talk about the story. Did you like it? Why or why not? Tell a story about your neighborhood. Ask your partner to tell a story about their neighborhood.



### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE PRODIGAL SON**

1. Learn the vocabulary: prodigal, inheritance, sinned, wasted, worthy, celebrate

Luke 15:11-24

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



A rich man had two sons. The younger son said to his father, "I want my inheritance now." The father gave his son the money.



He thought of his father. "My father's servants have food," he thought. "I will go home to my father. I will be his servant."



The son took the money and left home. He went to another country. The son sinned. He wasted all of the money.



He went to his father's home. His father saw him coming.



3

Finally, the son had no money. He had no house. He had no food. He got a job feeding pigs. The son was hungry. He wanted to eat the pigs' food.



The father ran to meet him. The father put his arms around his son and kissed him.



The son said, "I am sorry. I have sinned. I am not worthy to be your son. Can I be your servant?"



But the father said to the servants, "Bring the best clothes for my son!" He put a ring on his finger.



The father told the servants to prepare a feast. He wanted everyone to celebrate. The son had sinned. But he repented and returned home.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: glory, immortality, eternal life
- 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"For behold, this is my work and my **glory**—to bring to pass the **immortality** and **eternal life** of man" (Moses 1:39).

"A loving Heavenly Father has but two desires for His children . . . : **immortality** and **eternal life**, 'which means life with Him back home'"

(Russell M. Nelson, in R. Scott Lloyd, "God Wants His Children to Return to Him, Elder Nelson Teaches," Church News, Jan. 28, 2014, ChurchofJesusChrist.org).

6. Ponder: Why did the father forgive his son? How is Heavenly Father like this father?

7. Write one thing you learned from the story "The Prodigal Son."\_\_\_\_\_

8. Speak: Tell three people what you learned from the story "The Prodigal Son."

#### 38 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 10

ENGLISHCO	ENGLISHCONNECT 2 LESSON 10: DAILY ROUTINES						
CONVERSA	TION: WHAT D	O YOU DO EVERY D	AY?	»?			
A. Listen. E	3. Listen and rep	peat. C. Write the m	nissing word. D.	Read aloud.			
<ol> <li>Tell me what you do day.</li> <li>I get up at 7:00 and then I go to work at 8:00.</li> <li> I go out with friends after work.</li> <li>You sound</li> </ol>							
	5 do you go shopping?busy once a month every usually6. I only go aboutalways Sometimes When usually						
E. Choose the	e correct answer.						
a. He g b. He g	Viktor do at 8:00 gets up. goes to work. eats breakfast.	a. He b. He	does Viktor go ou sometimes goes o usually goes out w goes out with frier	ut with friends aft vith friends on the	weekend.		
ACTIVITY 2:	FREQUENCY	WORDS			))))?) 🔊		
A. Study the d	charts.						
a lot Using Frequency Words							
	always	subject	frequency word	verb			
	usually sometimes never	I / You / We / They	always usually	go shopping	on Thursdays.		
not at all		She / He	sometimes never	goes shopping			
B Place the s	entences in orde	er of frequency 1= mo	st frequent 3 = lea	st frequent			



- <u></u>s I never go to the movie theater.
- <u>1</u> I always watch movies on my phone.
- $\underline{2}$  I sometimes watch movies with my family.



- sometimes have breakfast on Saturdays. \_\_\_\_ I usually go to work at 8:00 a.m.
- I never have breakfast during the week.
- I usually have breakfast on Sundays.



- \_\_\_\_ I usually eat lunch at work.
- \_\_\_\_ I sometimes eat lunch at a restaurant. \_\_\_\_ I always eat lunch at home on Sundays.



- \_\_\_\_ I never leave work before 4:00 p.m.
- \_\_\_ I sometimes stay at work until 7:30 p.m. \_\_\_ I usually cook dinner for myself.



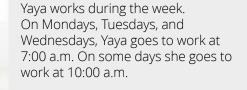
\_\_ I always go to church on Sundays.

- \_\_\_\_ I never go out with friends on Sundays.
- \_\_\_ I sometimes visit my cousins on Sundays.



\_ I always eat dinner around 8:00 p.m. \_\_\_\_ I sometimes have dinner with friends. C. Read each description. Answer the questions aloud. Use frequency words. Listen to answers 1–5.







Each morning, Yaya gets dressed and brushes her teeth. She doesn't have time to have breakfast during the week.



Yaya doesn't have a car, so she takes the bus to work each day.



Yaya wakes up at 5:30 every day. She exercises after she wakes up.



When Yaya gets home, she takes a shower before going to bed. Some nights, she watches TV.

- 1. When does Yaya go to work?
- 2. What does Yaya do in the morning?
- 3. When does Yaya have breakfast? 4. How does Yaya get to work?
- 5. What does Yaya do when she gets home?

D. Think about what you do on the weekends. Read each question, and write a sentence in response.

- 1. What do you always do on Friday?
- 2. What do you usually do on Saturday?

3. What do you sometimes do on Saturday?

4. What do you never do on Sunday?

# **ACTIVITY 3: FREQUENCY PHRASES**

### A. Study the chart.

Using Frequency Phrases					
subject	verb	frequency phrases			
I / You / We / They	dance watch movies	every day every weekend			
She / He	dance <b>s</b> watch <b>es</b> movies	once a week once a month once in a while			

B. Say how often you do each activity using a frequency phrase. Listen to examples 1 and 2.





exercise









listen to music

cook dinner

eat breakfast

work

### **ACTIVITY 4: LIVING IN SPACE**

A. Listen to the story. B. Read the story aloud.



Where do you live? Do you have noisy neighbors? Or is it very quiet?



Bob says, "After every meal, we eat a tortilla. We put a lot of honey on the tortilla."



They usually sleep in a sleeping bag because they don't want to float. The sleeping bags are attached to the floor.

#### **PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS**



Frank De Winne and Bob Thirsk don't have any noisy neighbors. They live on the International Space Station.



Sometimes they relax. They play cards. They watch TV.



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They have to eat very carefully because the food floats. They usually eat with a spoon.



One astronaut sings songs and makes music videos.



Sometimes they look out the window. They see our beautiful earth. They see the sunrise every 90 minutes. Do you want to live in space?



Once in a while, they take a shower. It is difficult to take a shower. The astronaut floats. The soap floats. The water floats.



- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at Activity 2D. Take turns asking each other questions about what you do on weekends. Use frequency words.
- C. Look at the chart in Activity 3. Now look at the pictures below. Take turns asking each other questions about how often you do each activity. Use a frequency phrase. Look at Activity 3B for more pictures.











go dancing

eat lunch

take a shower

watch TV

go to bed

go to a movie

D. Help your practice partner retell the story in Activity 4. Take turns asking questions. Do you have noisy neighbors? How often do the astronauts eat with a spoon? Why? When do they eat tortillas? How often do they play cards? Why do they sleep in a sleeping bag? How often do they shower? How often do they see the sunrise? Do you usually eat with a spoon? How often do you sleep in a sleeping bag? When do you usually shower? Do you want to live in space? Why or why not?

## **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE OTHER PRODIGAL**

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- 1. Learn the vocabulary: foolish, jealous, miserable, humbled
- 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



The story of the prodigal son says, "A . . . man had *two* sons." Both sons were lost.



The younger one was foolish and lost his inheritance. But he came home. His father gave him a party.



The older brother was angry. He did not go to the party.



His father came outside. He asked the older brother to come to the party.



He did not come in. He was jealous of his younger brother.



Later, the father said, "Your brother was lost. He was miserable. He came home. We are so happy to have him home."



He also said, "You have been faithful. Everything I have is yours."



The older brother was humbled. He chose to love his brother and welcome him home.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: envy (envieth), treasured, cherished, overcome
- 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"[**Envy** is] to desire something that belongs to another" (Guide to the Scriptures, "Envy," scriptures.ChurchofJesusChrist.org).

"Charity envieth not" (1 Corinthians 13:4; see also Moroni 7:45).

"The Lord . . . commanded . . . men . . . that they should not **envy**" (2 Nephi 26:32).

"No one of us is less **treasured** or **cherished** of God than another" (Jeffrey R. Holland, "The Other Prodigal," *Ensign,* May 2002, 64).

6. Ponder: What is envy? How do you overcome envy?

7. Write some ways you can **overcome** envy. \_

8. Speak: Tell what you learned from this story.

## ENGLISHCONNECT 2 LESSON 11: DAILY AND WEEKLY ROUTINES

CONVERSATION: WHAT DID YOU DO OVER THE WEEKEND?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

1. Hey, Lisa. What did you do \_\_\_\_\_?

- 2. Hey, Sara. I \_\_\_\_\_ shopping.
- 3. Oh, how was it? What \_\_\_\_\_ you buy?
- 4. It was great! I \_\_\_\_\_ some new shoes.
- 5. Oh, really? I actually just bought some shoes

did a week ago yesterday went bought

## ACTIVITY 2: REGULAR AND IRREGULAR PAST TENSE VERBS

A. Study the chart.

hart.	B. Listen to an	d repeat each verb.	

Regular Past	Tense Verbs	Irregular Pas	t Tense Verbs
want	want <b>ed</b> [id]	go	went
need	need <b>ed</b> [id]	sleep	slept
invite	invit <b>ed</b> [id]	make	made
like	lik <b>ed</b> [t]	buy	bought
work	work <b>ed</b> [t]	read	read
watch	watch <b>ed</b> [t]	see	saw
shop	shopp <b>ed</b> [t]	eat	ate
exercise	exercis <b>ed</b> [d]	come	came
stay	stay <b>ed</b> [d]	say	said
study	studi <b>ed</b> [d]	leave	left

C. Write the correct past tense form of the verb given. Read the sentence aloud. Listen.

- 1. Gloria \_\_\_\_\_\_ some books yesterday. (buy)
- 2. Mia \_\_\_\_\_ with her parents yesterday. (shop)
- Don \_\_\_\_\_ his new nephew yesterday. (see)
- 4. Marc \_\_\_\_\_ home early to be with his daughter. (come)
- 5. Itzak \_\_\_\_\_\_ a vanilla cupcake. (want)

- 6. Nora \_\_\_\_\_\_ with her boyfriend last week. (exercise)
- 7. Roma \_\_\_\_\_ home at 9:00 this morning. (leave)
- 8. Pablo \_\_\_\_\_ a book to his daughter yesterday. (read)
- 9. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ an outside movie last Friday. (watch)
- 10. Gia \_\_\_\_\_ in the library until 11:00 last night. (study)



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D. Read each sentence aloud. Restate the sentence in the past tense. Listen to sentences 1–8.



1. I cook rice and beans for dinner.



5. I read the newspaper.



2. I watch a movie with friends.



6. I visit my family.



3. I eat fruit for breakfast.



7. I like the dessert.



4. I stay at home on Friday.



8. I sleep until 9:00 a.m.

# ACTIVITY 3: USING TIME PHRASES

A. Study the chart.

Using Time Phrases					
At the beginning	At the end				
Yesterday,	yesterday.				
The other day,	the other day.				
Last Monday / Friday,	last Monday / Friday.				
Last week,	last week.				
Last weekend,	last weekend.				
A week ago,	a week ago.				
Last month,	last month.				
Last year,	last year.				
Examples:	Examples:				
<u>Yesterday</u> , I went to a movie.	I went to a movie <u>yesterday</u> .				
<u>Last week</u> , I worked until 10:00 p.m.	I worked until 10:00 p.m. <u>last week</u> .				

2.

B. Place the sentences in order starting with what happened first.



Six months ago, I had surgery on my knee.
 Two weeks ago, I had a doctor's appointment.
 Last year, I injured my knee in a soccer game.
 Last Saturday, I played in a soccer game.



MD

- \_\_\_\_ Last year, I went to the beach with my cousins.
- \_\_\_\_ We celebrated my cousin's birthday last month.
- Yesterday, I bought a cake for my cousins.
- Last week, my cousins came to visit me.

C. Listen to 1–3. Write the letter of the pictures that show what the person did over the weekend.



D. Write four or more sentences about the activities you did over the weekend and when you did them.



## PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the chart in Activity 2A. Help your partner review the past tense form of the verbs.
- C. Look at the sentences in Activity 2D. Help your practice partner make correct past tense sentences.
- D. Help your practice partner use the pictures and words below to make past tense sentences. Then look at the pictures in Activity 3C, and do the same.



play







buy

go

. . . . .

cook

- E. Take turns asking and answering the following questions. Use the past tense and a time phrase. Say as much as you can.
- 1. When was the last time you visited a friend?
- 2. When was the last time you cooked a meal?
- 3. When was the last time you saw a movie?
- 4. When was the last time you ate somewhere other than your house?
- 5. When was the last time you celebrated a holiday?
- 6. When was the last time you had fun with your family?
- 7. What did you do yesterday?

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### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: JONAH LEARNS TO OBEY**

1. Learn the vocabulary: repent, obey, sailing, throw, swallow, promise

Jonah 1–3

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Jonah was a prophet of God. God told him to go to a city called Nineveh. The people there were wicked. God told Jonah to tell the people to repent.



Jonah was sleeping. The captain of the ship woke him. He told Jonah to pray and ask God to help them.



God sent a big fish. The fish swallowed Jonah. Jonah was in the fish for three days. Jonah prayed to God and repented. He promised to obey God.



Jonah did not obey God. He did not want to go to Nineveh. He did not want to tell the people to repent. He ran away and got on a ship.



The men wanted the storm to stop. Jonah told them to throw him into the water. He knew God sent the storm because of him.



The fish put Jonah out on dry land. Again God told Jonah to go to Nineveh. He said to tell the people to repent. This time Jonah obeyed God.



God sent a bad storm. The wind blew hard. The men on the ship were afraid it would sink.



The men did not want to, but they threw Jonah into the water. The storm stopped.



Jonah went to Nineveh. He told the people to repent. They stopped being wicked. They fasted and prayed. God did not destroy Nineveh.

4. Learn the vocabulary: free, freedom, liberty, precious, obedient, whispering, believe, Atonement, saved, laws, ordinances

#### 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"Freedom and liberty are precious gifts that come to us when we are obedient to the laws of God and the **whisperings** of the Spirit" (James E. Faust, "Obedience: The Path to Freedom," *Ensign*, May 1999, 47).

"We **believe** that through the **Atonement** of Christ, all mankind may be **saved**, by **obedience** to the **laws** and **ordinances** of the Gospel" (Articles of Faith 1:3).

6. Ponder: What are the blessings of obeying God's commandments?

7. Write three ways that you can be more obedient. \_

## ENGLISHCONNECT 2

### **LESSON 12: PAST EXPERIENCES**

## CONVERSATION: WHAT DID YOU DO?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hey, Lucas, where were you on Friday? \_\_\_\_\_ didn't you come to the party?
- 2. Hi, Katya. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to come, but I had to work.

\_\_\_\_\_ was it? \_\_\_\_\_ did you guys do?

3. It was fun. We \_\_\_\_\_\_ some games; then we \_\_\_\_\_\_ a movie.

How played Why What didn't watched wanted

## ACTIVITY 2: REGULAR AND IRREGULAR PAST TENSE VERBS

A. Study the chart. B. Listen and repeat each verb.

Regular Pas	st Tense Verbs	Irregular Pas	t Tense Verbs
text	text <b>ed</b> [id]	bring	brought
visit	visit <b>ed</b> [id]	write	wrote
help	help <b>ed</b> [t]	рау	paid
ask	ask <b>ed</b> [t]	hear	heard
cook	cook <b>ed</b> [t]	run	ran
talk	talk <b>ed</b> [t]	cut	cut
try	tri <b>ed</b> [d]]	tell	told
travel	travel <b>ed</b> [d]	ride	rode
call	call <b>ed</b> [d]	drive	drove
play	play <b>ed</b> [d]	take	took

C. Listen to the questions. Answer the questions in past tense. Use the verb and words given.











bring water to work

visit my brother's family

talk to my sister

read emails

text my mom

D. Read the question. Write an answer in a complete sentence. Use the words given.

1. What did you do on Monday? (drive to work)

3. What did you do on Sunday? (call my family)

2. What did you do on Friday? (ride the bus)

4. What did you do last Saturday? (play with my nephew)



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## **ACTIVITY 3: ASKING QUESTIONS**

## A. Study the chart.

#### **Common Past Tense Ouestions**

	Common Past Tense Questions					
	Questions	Possible Answers				
		lt was fun! lt was terrible.				
Why didshe go home early?Why didn'tyou go to the concert?		She felt sick. I had to work.				
What did	you do over the weekend? he do last night?	l went out with some friends. He stayed home and studied.				

B. Read each answer. Then ask a question that matches that answer. Listen to the example questions.



1. Ouestion: A: I celebrated my birthday yesterday.



2. Question: A: I needed new shoes.



3. Ouestion: A: The concert was really strange.

C. Read each question. Write the answer in the past tense. Use the words given.



1. How was your trip?



2. What did you do Saturday night?



3. Why did you ride the bus today?

(have a lot of fun)



4. Why did you stay home on your birthday?

(pay bills)



5. What did you do last week?

(crash my car)



6. How was your meeting?

(feel sick)

(play in a tournament)

(is long and boring)

D. Write about the last time you tried something new. Listen to examples 1 and 2.

- What did you do? When did it happen? Why did you do it? How was the event or activity?

# **ACTIVITY 4: TEN AGAIN**

A. Listen. B. Read aloud.





Yesterday was my wife's birthday. She turned 40 years old.



She said, "I want to be 10 again." So I planned a special day for her.

In the afternoon, we watched

a children's movie. After

dinner, we ate ice cream.



In the morning, we ate chocolate chip pancakes for breakfast.



At the end of the day, I said, "How do you like being 10 again?"



Then we rode bikes to the park. We played on the swings.



"This was fun," she said. "But I wanted my dress size to be 10 again."



- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Help your partner retell the story in Activity 4. What did they do in the morning? What did they eat for lunch? What did they do in the afternoon? What did they do after dinner? What did the wife want? Take turns talking about what you did on your last birthday.
- C. Help your partner talk about what each person did yesterday. Say something about each picture.



D. Look at the questions in Activity 2D. Take turns asking and answering the questions.



We had hot dogs and fries for lunch.

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

## **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: LOVE YOUR ENEMIES**

1. Learn the vocabulary: member, leader, plant, shocked, enemies, hope, unity

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



World War II was difficult. Germany fought against the Netherlands. After World War II, there was very little food for the people.



Dutch members of the Church in the Netherlands needed food for the winter. They planted potatoes.



Members of the Church in Germany had almost no food. They were about to die. They needed help.



The German Church leaders told the Dutch Church leaders, "Our people have no food. They are hungry."



give potatoes to the Germans. The Dutch members were shocked.



The Dutch members decided to give their potatoes to the Germans. The German members were very happy to get food.



They said, "Thank you for your love. With this food we can live. We now have hope for a better world."



"How can we give our potatoes to our enemies?" they said. Their Church leaders said, "The German members are your brothers and sisters."



The love of the Dutch members helped the German members to live. It also helped unify the members in Europe.

4. Learn the vocabulary: curse, hate, despitefully, persecute, contention, knit, unity

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"Love your enemies, bless them that **curse** you, do good to them that **hate** you, and pray for them which **despitefully** use you, and **persecute** you" (Matthew 5:44).

"And [God] commanded them that there should be no **contention** one with another, but that they should . . . [have] their hearts **knit** together in **unity** and in love one towards another" (Mosiah 18:21).

6. Ponder: What do these two scriptures mean?

7. Write: Finish the sentences.

I can love my enemies by \_\_\_\_

I can have unity with others by \_\_\_\_

8. Speak: Tell the story to someone. Talk about how you can love your enemies.

#### 50 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 13

## **ENGLISHCONNECT 2**

### **LESSON 13: PAST EXPERIENCES**

## CONVERSATION: WHAT HAPPENED?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. John, where \_\_\_\_\_ you yesterday?
- 2. I went to my son's \_\_\_\_\_ at the university.
- 3. Oh, really? \_\_\_\_\_ was it?
- 4. It was great, Lili! It \_\_\_\_\_ back memories. I actually graduated from that same school 23 years ago.
- 5. I graduated 20 \_\_\_\_\_. Wow! I can't believe \_\_\_\_\_ so long.
- 6. Yeah. I remember \_\_\_\_\_ I graduated, my friends and I \_\_\_\_\_ a big party afterward. We \_\_\_\_\_ all night
- long. I \_\_\_\_\_ so happy to be done with school.
- 7. We \_\_\_\_\_ anything like that when I graduated. We had a family dinner, but \_\_\_\_\_ that I just \_\_\_\_\_

home and \_\_\_\_\_\_.

E. Listen to questions 1-5. Answer aloud. Listen to the examples.

## ACTIVITY 2: TIME PHRASES WITH "WHEN"

A. Study the chart.

Time Phrases with <i>When</i>				
At the beginning	At the end			
When I was 18 years old,When I got home,When I woke up,	when I was 18 years old.         when I got home.         when I woke up.			
When I was 18 years old, I started my own business. When I got home, I called my mom. When I woke up, I felt sick.	I started my own business <b>when</b> I was 18 years old. I called my mom <b>when</b> I got home. I felt sick <b>when</b> I woke up.			

B. Read each sentence. Then say the sentence with the time phrase at the end of the sentence. Listen.



When I was little, I had a dog.



When I got home, I started decorating for the holiday.



When I was 12 years old, I saw the ocean for the first time.



When I graduated from high school, my friends and I had a big party.



When I saw the accident, I called an ambulance.



When I got my first job, I started saving for a motorcycle.



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How when years ago didn't do slept stayed up were brought it's been had graduated went was after graduation



C. This is Diana. Look at each picture, and finish the sentence. Use the words given and the past tense.

 brush teeth
 walk to work
 put on uniform
 make bread
 take a bus
 text a friend

When Diana woke up,



When Diana was at work,

When Diana was ready, \_



when she was done with work.

When Diana got to work,



when she got home.

D. Look at the pictures. Answer each question aloud. Listen to the examples.

1. What type of pet did you have when you were a child?



2. What did you do when you finished studying?



go on a date

3. What did you do when you got home?



fall asleep

E. Read the words. Write a sentence in the past tense using when, and say what happened.

When	What Happened	Your Sentence
(be) late for work	my boss (be) angry with me	<b>When</b> I <u>was</u> late for work, my boss <u>was</u> angry with me.
(leave) work	(be) really tired	
(get) on the bus	(see) my friend, Sumi	
(get) off the bus	(pick up) dinner at a restaurant	
(be) done with dinner	(go) home	
(arrive) home	(take) dog for a walk	

F. Listen. Then write what happened. Include one time phrase in each answer.





# **ACTIVITY 3: GRANDFATHER'S GIFT**

B. Read aloud. A. Listen.



One weekend when I was young, we visited my grandparents.



"Betty!" he said to my mom. "We're going to the store."



After we ate dinner, Grandpa When Grandpa looked at my said, "Let's go to the park. Get shoes, he frowned. your shoes!"



At the store, Grandpa chose a pair of brown shoes. "Try these," he said.





My shoes were too big. They had holes



I put them on. They fit perfectly. They didn't have holes. But they were ugly. Grandpa smiled.



"These are good shoes," he said. I wore those ugly shoes every day.



Twenty years later, I saw an old photo of Grandpa. He was a young boy. "He doesn't have any shoes," I said.

#### **PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS**



Mom said, "Shoes were too expensive for his family. When he was young, he never had shoes "



"Oh," I said. "Remember my ugly brown shoes?" Mom smiled. "Yes. He wanted you to have good shoes."



I smiled, too. Grandpa bought me shoes because he loved me.



- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Help your practice partner retell the story in Activity 3 in his or her own words. Say something for each picture. Think of a time you received a special gift. Take turns talking about what happened.
- C. Look at the pictures in Activity 2C. Ask your practice partner questions about Diana's day. For example, when did Diana make bread? Help them make complete sentences that use when.
- D. Take turns asking and answering the following questions. Use *when* in the answer. Say as much as you can.
  - What did you do when you were on vacation?
  - What food did you eat when you were a teenager? How old were you when you learned how to drive?
  - When did you start your first job?

- When did you move out of your parents' home?

- What type of pet did you have when you were young?
- E. Choose one of these events. Tell about when that event happened in your life. • getting sick • starting your first job • getting hurt • celebrating a holiday
- F. Think about someone in your family or a good friend. Talk about when that person got married. • How old was he or she? • Where did he or she get married? • When and where was the celebration?



#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: TAVIAN'S MISSION**

1. Learn the vocabulary: fence, gate, realize, locked, key, called to serve, mayor, curious, miracle, gospel

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Tavian was born in Bulgaria. When he was 5 years old, he was adopted by a family in the U.S.



saw people that looked like him. They stood behind a fence. They reached out to him. He saw a gate. The gate was locked. He realized, "I have the key!"



He wanted to go on a mission for the Church. He was called to serve in Bulgaria.



In Bulgaria, he served near his birthplace. One day, Tavian and his companion traveled by bus to a small town to teach a lesson.



They drove to the edge of the village. Many curious people followed them. The mayor knocked on the door.



They asked a man for directions. This man was the mayor of the town. They told the mayor that Tavian was born in the town.



A woman came to the door. The mayor asked the woman if she wanted to see her son. She came out. She gave Tavian a big hug. "It's a miracle!" she said.



The mayor asked, "What is your Bulgarian name?" Tavian told the man his name. The mayor said, "I know that family!"



He met 50 family members that day. They all stood in a circle around him. He told them about his life. He told them about the gospel of Jesus Christ. The gospel is the key.

4. Learn the vocabulary: way, truth, know, free, gospel

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"Jesus saith unto him, I am the **way**, the **truth**, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me" (John 14:6).

"And ye shall **know** the **truth**, and the **truth** shall make you **free**" (John 8:32).

6. Ponder: How does truth make you free?

- 7. Write: Answer this question: How can the teachings of Jesus Christ bless your life?
- 8. Speak: Retell the story. Talk about a time you or someone you know shared the gospel of Jesus Christ with someone.

#### 54 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 14

#### ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 14: SHOPPING FOR FOOD**

2. What is not on their list?

a. butter

b. eggs

c. bread

## CONVERSATION: HOW MUCH IS THAT?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

1. Do you want to go to \_\_\_\_\_ with me?

- 2. We need to \_\_\_\_\_ some vegetables.
- 3. Yes. We also need eggs and \_\_\_\_\_ bread.
- 4. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ a list.
- 5. I'm planning to get \_\_\_\_\_, carrots, lettuce, and some \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. I may buy \_\_\_\_\_ as well.

make the market fruit tomatoes meat a loaf of pick up

- E. Choose the correct answer.
- 1. What do they need to buy?
  - a. milk
    - b. vegetables
  - c. cheese

## **ACTIVITY 2: COUNT/NONCOUNT NOUNS**

A. Study the chart.

Count Nouns	Noncount Nouns	
l <u>can count</u> apples.	l <u>cannot count</u> flour.	
How <b>many</b> apples do you have?	How <b>much</b> flour do you have?	
I have <b>seven</b> apples.	I have <b>some</b> flour.	
Examples: orange, egg, banana, tomato,	Examples: sugar, lettuce, rice, meat,	
carrot, potato, nut, mango	fish, soup, cereal, bread, cheese	

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- 3. Why do they make a list? a. to relax b. to forget c. to remember
- B. Choose the correct answer.

- 1. How <u>eggs</u> do you need? a. many b. much
- 2. How \_\_\_\_ flour do you have? a. many b. much
- 3. How <u>soup do you want?</u> a. many b. much
- 4. How <u>tomatoes do you need?</u> a. many b. much
- 5. How <u>cereal do you want?</u> a. many b. much
- 6. How <u>carrots does he have?</u> a. many b. much
- 7. How <u>bread do you have?</u> a. many b. much

C. Look at each picture. Ask **how many** or **how much** is needed. Listen to the examples.



bananas





tomatoes



bread

carrots

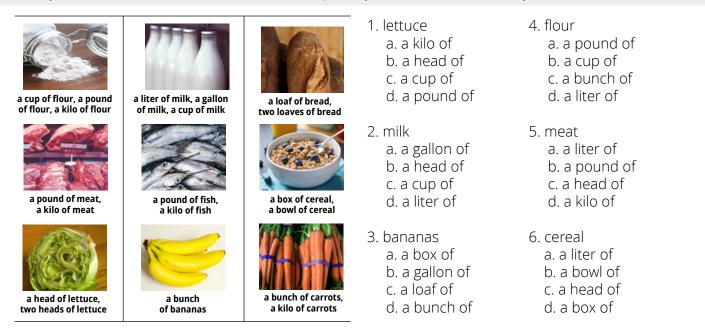
soup

<u>)</u>

## **ACTIVITY 3: MEASURE AND QUANTITY WORDS**

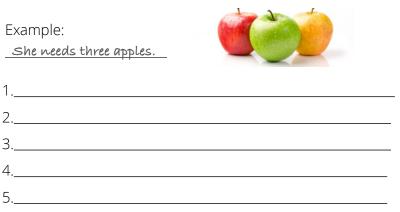
#### A. Study the chart.

## B. Choose the correct quantity for the food. There may be more than one answer.

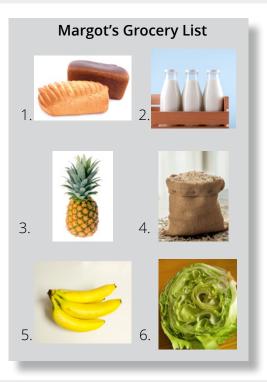


C. Look at the pictures. Write how much of each item Margot needs. Use a complete sentence.

Quantity Words: General vs. Specific			
General		Specific	
l need fish. l need eggs. l want bananas.	l need <b>some</b> fish. l need <b>some</b> eggs. l want <b>some</b> bananas.	l need <b>two pounds of</b> fish. l need <b>a dozen</b> eggs. l want <b>a bunch of</b> bananas.	



6.



D. Listen to sentences 1–5. Use numbers to put the pictures in the correct order.



#### E. Listen and then answer the questions.



- 1. What did Paul buy at the market?
  - a. potatoes
  - b. bread
  - c. oranges
- 2. What did Sarah buy at the market?
  - a. rice
  - b. cheese
  - c. pickles

- 3. When did Paul go to the market?
  - a. this afternoon
  - b. last night
  - c. yesterday morning
- 4. When did Sarah go to the market?
  - a. this morning
  - b. yesterday afternoon
  - c. last night

## ACTIVITY 4: TWO WAYS TO ASK THE SAME QUESTION

A. Listen to questions 1–8. Then read aloud.

Count Nouns	Noncount Nouns
1. How much <b>are</b> these potatoes? 2. How much <b>do these</b> potatoes cost?	3. How much <b>is</b> this cheese? 4. How much <b>does this</b> cheese cost?
5. How much <b>are</b> these apples? 6. How much <b>do these</b> apples cost?	<ul> <li>7. How much is this milk?</li> <li>8. How much does this milk cost?</li> </ul>
B. Write the missing word(s).	
1. How much this rice? How much this rice?	3. How much these eggs? How much these eggs?

- It \_\_\_\_ 3 dollars a pound.
- How much \_\_\_\_\_ these bananas? How much \_\_\_\_\_ these bananas cost? They \_\_\_\_\_ 2 dollars a kilo.

### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

How much \_\_\_\_\_ these eggs \_\_\_\_\_
How much \_\_\_\_\_ these eggs \_\_\_\_\_
They \_\_\_\_ 2 dollars a dozen.
How much \_\_\_\_\_ that lettuce?
How much \_\_\_\_\_ that lettuce cost?
It \_\_\_\_ a dollar a head.

\*\*

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the pictures in Activity 2C. Practice asking questions about the pictures. Then look at the pictures in Activity 3A. Take turns asking each other questions about the cost of each item. Look at Activity 4B for example questions and answers.
- C. Look at the pictures in Activity 3D. Ask your partner to teach you how to make ramen. Help them say as much as they can.
- D. Find a local grocery store advertisment. Take turns asking each other questions about the cost of each item.
- E. Take turns asking each other about the things you usually buy at the market. Ask, "When do you usually go? What do you usually buy? How much of each item do you buy? How much does each item cost?"
- F. Take turns asking and answering questions about your favorite meal. What do you need to buy? How much of each item do you need? How much does each item cost? How do you make it?

## **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: IT'S NOT OURS**

1. Learn the vocabulary: sacrifice, preparation

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Branch President Ruben Dario Pacheo of Venezuela and his family wanted to go to the temple. After much sacrifice and spiritual preparation, his family raised enough money to go to the temple.



President Pacheo sent his daughter to the bank to get 500 U.S. dollars.

He said, "My wife took the envelope with the money and put it away. She didn't count the money.



"The night before leaving, we counted the money. The bank had given us \$4,065! "The bank had made a mistake of over \$3,500! I had never seen so much money in my life!



"Some friends tried to persuade us to use the. money for our trip to the United States.

"I said, 'We cannot keep this money because it is not ours.



"The purpose of our trip to the temple is to make covenants with the Lord. What good will they do if we are dishonest?" "We returned the money to the bank. They had noticed that they had lost the money. But they didn't know who had it.

## THE CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST of latter-day saints

"Some bank clerks asked me, 'Why did you give the money back? Nobody knew that you had that money.' "My only answer was: Because I am a member of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints."

4. Learn the vocabulary: honest, bear false witness, dishonesty

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

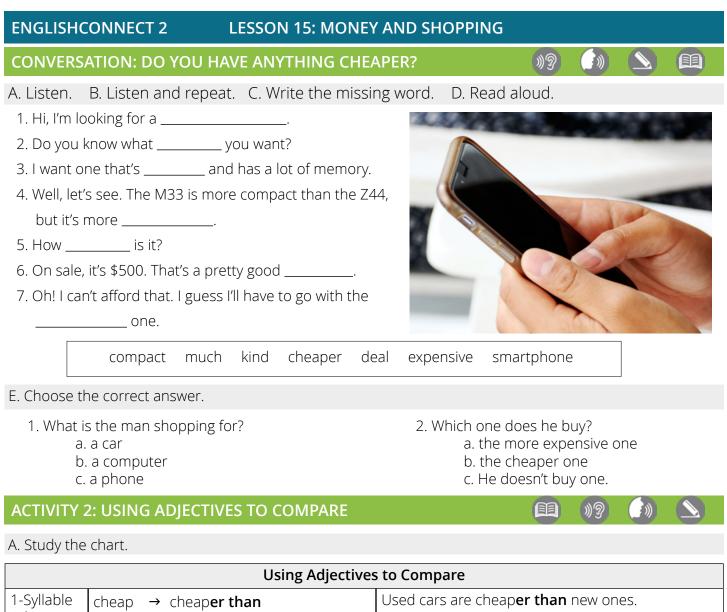
*"We believe in being honest"* (Articles of Faith 1:13). "Thou shalt not steal. Thou shalt not **bear false** witness against thy neighbour" (Exodus 20:15–16).

"And let every man deal **honestly**, and be alike among this people, and receive alike, that ye may be one, even as I have commanded you" (Doctrine and Covenants 51:9).

- 6. Ponder: Is there really any difference between **dishonesty** involving a large amount of money or only a small amount of money?
- 7. Write about a time you chose to be honest.

8. Speak: Tell about a time you chose to be honest.

58 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 15



Adjectives	*dressy → dressi <b>er than</b>	High heels are dress <b>ier than</b> tennis shoes. That chair is <b>better than</b> this one.	
	**good → <b>better than</b>		
Longer	expensive → more/less expensive than	This smartphone is <b>less</b> expensive <b>than</b> that one.	
Adjectives	affordable → more/less affordable than	A book is <b>more</b> affordable <b>than</b> a TV.	
	compact → more/less compact than	A phone is <b>more</b> compact <b>than</b> a tablet.	
	high-tech $\rightarrow$ more/less high-tech than	This camera is <b>less</b> high-tech <b>than</b> that camera.	

\*Note: Two-syllable adjectives that end in **y** follow the rule for one-syllable adjectives: dressy → dress**ier**. (The **y** changes to an **i**.)

\*\*Note: **good**  $\rightarrow$  **better** and **bad**  $\rightarrow$  **worse** are exceptions.

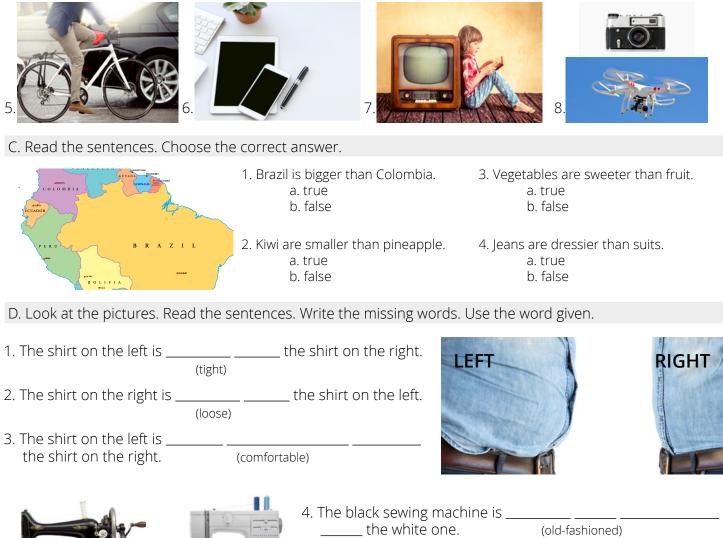
B. Listen to examples 1–8, and repeat.







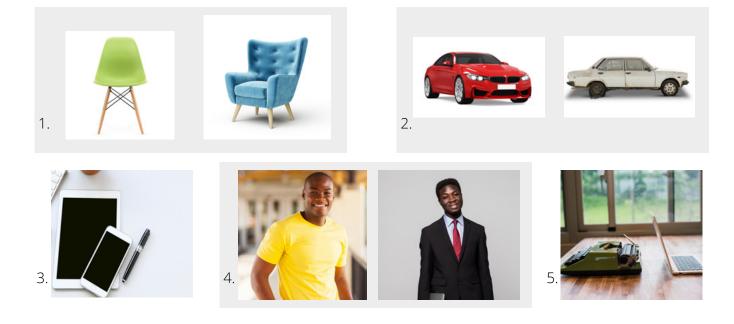






- 5. The black sewing machine is \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ the white one. (modern)

E. Listen to questions 1–5. Answer the questions aloud.



# ACTIVITY 3: THE LEGEND OF THE CHESSBOARD

#### A. Listen. B. Read aloud.



A king of India loved to play chess. One day he asked a wise man to play.



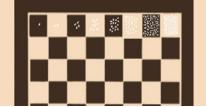
The king lost the game. He got a bag of rice. He put one grain on the first square. Two on the next square.



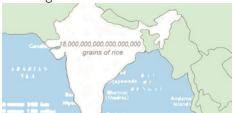
The price was too expensive. The palace would be full of rice.



"What is the prize for winning?" asked the man. "What do you want?" asked the king.



Then four, eight, sixteen, thirty-two. The king thought, "Oh, no! On the twentieth square, I will need one million grains of rice!"



India would be covered with rice. The king said, "I do not have that much rice." The man said, "You do not have to pay me right now."



The man said, "I want one grain of rice on the first chess square. Then double the rice on every square after that." "Agreed," said the king.



The table was covered with rice. "Stop!" he said. He was worried.



"Just give free rice in the temple every day until the debt is paid," he said. Because of this, if you go to the Krishna temple today, you get free rice.

## PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Have your partner retell the story in Activity 3. Ask questions: "What game did the king play? Who won the game? What was the prize for winning? Why was the king worried?"
- C. Look at the pictures. Take turns making sentences using (**adjective**) + *than* to compare. Say as much as you can.













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## **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE SHINY BIKE**

1. Learn the vocabulary: shiny, tricks, special, idea, ruined, tools, outside

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



On my last birthday, Mom and Dad gave me a shiny new bike. I did lots of cool tricks on the bike. And it was faster than my friends' bikes.



I had an idea. I told Mom and Dad, "I can paint my bike." They said, "Don't do it."



He gave me some tools. He said, "It will be a lot of hard work. But you can make it shiny again."



But a month later, my friend Evan got a new red bike. It was beautiful. It was faster than my bike.



I didn't listen. I painted my bike. But the red paint came off. It looked ugly. I thought, "My bike is ruined!"



It took a long time. I saw my friends outside. I wanted to play with them. But I needed to work on my bike.



Then everyone got red bikes. Now my bike wasn't special anymore.



I asked Mom and Dad for help. They weren't mad. Dad said, "People make mistakes. There is always a way to fix them."



At last, the red paint started to come off. Soon, my bike was just about perfect. Dad helped me so much.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: scarlet, suffered, repent, converted, heal, apply
- 5. Read aloud. Then listen. *"Though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow"* (Isaiah 1:18).

*"For behold, I, God, have suffered these things for all, that they might not suffer if they would repent"* (Doctrine and Covenants 19:16).

"Return unto me, and **repent** of your sins, and be **converted**, that I may **heal** you" (3 Nephi 9:13).

- 6. Ponder: How does the story about the shiny bike **apply** to your life? How do the scriptures **apply** to your life?
- 7. Write: Find a scripture on repentance. Write it. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Speak: Say your scripture to someone. Say how the story "The Shiny Bike" applies to your life.

#### 62 | EnglishConnect 2—LESSON 16

ENGLISHCONNECT 2 LESSON 16: IN	THE COMMUNITY
CONVERSATION: DO YOU KNOW WHERE THE	MOVIE THEATER IS? 🔊 🕼 📐 💷
A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the mis	ssing word. D. Read aloud.
1. Hey, Adam, do you know where the is?	0
2. Yes, I just went there yesterday. It's the large building the park and the It's the street from the bank.	
3. Hmm. I don't know where that is. Is it	WORLD PREMIERE NOW SHOWING
<ul> <li>the river?</li> <li>4. No. Do you know where the art is?</li> <li>Yes, I do.</li> <li>5. Well, the movie theater is the art</li> </ul>	, million and the second secon
museum. 6. Oh! OK. I know it is. Thank you, Adam! You're welcome, Chieko.	park mall where close to museum movie theater down across from between
E. Choose the correct answer.	
1. What is Chieko looking for?2. Is it close to the a. the parka. the parka. yesb. the movie theaterb. no	ne art museum? 3. Is it across from the mall? a. yes b. no
ACTIVITY 2: ASKING QUESTIONS ABOUT LOCA	TION 🗐 🔊 🏟
<ul> <li>A. Study the examples. Listen to questions 1–3 and real</li> <li>Asking questions about location in three</li> <li>1. Where is the <u>store</u>?</li> <li>2. Do you know where the <u>store</u> is 3. How do I get to the <u>store</u>?</li> </ul>	
B. Ask the question that goes with the letter given. As	sk about the place in the picture. Listen to answers 1–8.
A = Where is the? B = Do you know where the is? C = How do I get to the?	Example C: How do I get to the <u>park</u> ? A: Where is the <u>park</u> ? Example: C, A



1. B 2. A



4. C 3. B



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6. B

7. C 8. A

ACTIVITY 3: DESCRIBING LOCATIONS	💷 »? 🏟 🔊
A. Read the sentence aloud. Then listen.	
Picture A	Picture B
SAFE	
1. The school is <b>close to</b> the church.	
<ol> <li>The cafe is <u>down the street from</u> the church.</li> <li>The store is <u>between</u> the cafe and the school.</li> </ol>	afe is <b>in front of</b> the brown house.
	blue and purple house is <b>behind</b> the red house.
B. Listen to each question. Look at the picture. Use the word gi	ven to write the answer in a complete sentence.
Picture A Example: The cafe is down the street f	·
Picture A cinema Picture	
1. 3.	
store	cafe
2 4	purple and blue house
C. Listen to sentences 1–5. Choose the correct place on the c	ity map.
Restaurant Bank	Hospital
First Street         City       Church       Park       School       Jage       Library         Map       Apartment Building       Grocery Store       Store       Store	Airport
Fourth Street	
123a. churcha. librarya. schoolb. parkb. grocery storeb. parkc. restaurantc. schoolc. stored. schoold. hospitald. apartment building	45a. librarya. restaurantb. bankb. apartment buildingc. grocery storec. parkngd. hospitald. hospitald. bank
D. Look at the city map. Read the directions to a place. Decide	e if the directions are correct or incorrect.
1. From the airport to the restaurant 2. From the church to the h	nospital 3. From the library to the apartments
Go north on Third Street. Turn left. GoGo straight on First Street. Tostraight for two blocks. It's on the righton Second Street. Go one band across from the church.a. correctb. incorrectb. incorrect	lock. It's on 👘 on Fourth Street. Go two blocks. It's on
E. Look at the city map. Start at the church. Write directions to	o the store.

## **ACTIVITY 4: I NEVER GOT LOST**

A. Listen. B. Read aloud.



I showed the woman my ticket. "Do you know where my train is?" I asked. She said, "It's around the corner."



A man came by. He looked at my ticket. He said, "Hurry! That train is leaving soon." We ran far away from the woman.



When I was a university student, I went

to China to study. At the train station, I

sat near an older woman. There were

so many trains. I felt lost.

He pointed to my train. I got on the train. But I didn't know when to get off.



The girl found a taxi. She asked the driver, "Do you know where this hotel is?" He nodded. We got in the taxi together.



I showed my ticket to another man. He talked to the people next to him. He said, "Is anyone getting off at this city?"



The hotel was next to a museum. We went inside together. She said, "Do you know where the university students are?"



The girl in front of him said, "I am." She stood close to me. The door opened. We got off the train.



The man pointed to the hotel restaurant. We walked across the lobby to the restaurant. There was my teacher! Thanks to my Chinese friends, I never got lost.

# N9 (N)

### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the city map in Activity 3. Take turns asking for directions and giving directions to places on the map. Use examples 1–3. Then make your own questions.

1. You are at the park.2. You are at the restaurant.Ask: "How do I get to the airport?"Ask: "How do I get to the store?"

3. You are at the apartment building. Ask: "How do I get to the bank?"

C. Help your practice partner read the situation and give directions.

Situation 1: You have a new neighbor. Her daughter fell and hurt her arm. Tell your new neighbor how to get to the hospital from your house or apartment.

#### Situation 2:

Your friend is coming to visit you. He is at the train station or airport. Give simple directions to your home from the nearest train station or airport.

- D. Help your practice partner retell the story in Activity 4. Ask questions about the story. "Where did the young woman go? Why? How many people helped her? Did she get lost? Why or why not? Have you ever been lost? Have you ever asked someone for directions? What happened?"
- E. Find or draw a map of your town. Take turns giving each other directions to places on the map.



#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: RODRIGO TURNS AROUND**

1. Learn the vocabulary: pastor, drive, give a ride, knocked, stranger

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Rodrigo was driving home. He saw a man on the side of the road. The man looked sad. A pair of boots was next to him.



"My shoes were worn out so I stopped at a church. The pastor washed my feet. His wife gave me these boots. I started walking again, but my feet hurt too much."



Rodrigo thought, "My wife is waiting. Don't stop." He looked back at the man. Then he turned around. "Is everything OK?" he asked the man.



"Where are you going?" asked Rodrigo. "To see my brother in Provo, Utah."



"My feet hurt," said the man. "I've been walking for 500 miles." "Why don't you wear your boots?" asked Rodrigo.



"That's 150 miles away!" said Rodrigo. Rodrigo thought of his wife. Then he said, "I will drive you.'



Rodrigo and the man talked. They laughed. Rodrigo drove his new friend to a small house.



His friend knocked on the door. Another man came out. The man cried when he saw his brother. Rodrigo cried too.



"I love this man," Rodrigo told his wife. "This morning we were strangers. Tonight we are brothers." "I'm glad you gave him a ride," said his wife.

4. Learn the vocabulary: forgetful, entertain, unaware, hunger, thirsty, ye = you

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"Be not **forgetful** to **entertain** strangers: for thereby some have **entertained** angels **unawares**" (Hebrews 13:2).

"For I was an **hungred**, and **ye** gave me meat: I was **thirsty**, and **ye** gave me drink: I was a stranger, and **ye** took me in" (Matthew 25:35).

"There are no strangers here, only friends you haven't met yet." —William Butler Yeats

6. Ponder: What do the scriptures and quote mean?

7. Write: Finish this sentence: A stranger is \_

8. Speak: Tell about a time when you helped someone or when someone helped you.

#### 66 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 17

## ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 17: IN THE COMMUNITY**

## CONVERSATION: WHEN IS THE PARTY?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hey, Steve, are you \_\_\_\_\_\_ to come to Emily's birthday \_\_\_\_\_\_ on Saturday?
- 2. Nobody told me about it. Where is it \_\_\_\_\_?
- 3. It \_\_\_\_\_ be at Christin's house at 7:00. It's a \_\_\_\_\_, so don't say anything to Emily.
- 4. Oh, OK! Do you think it will be all right if I \_\_\_\_\_ Adam to come too?
- 5. Actually, I talked to him yesterday. He's already \_\_\_\_\_ on it.
- 6. Should I \_\_\_\_\_ anything?
- 7. I'm \_\_\_\_\_\_ bring a salad. Could you bring some \_\_\_\_\_?

Sure!

8. Great! Well, I have to get going. \_\_\_\_\_ see you on Saturday.



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could at I'll surprise will going to be invite going party bring salad He'll drinks going to planning

- E. Choose the correct answer.
  - 1. Who is the party for? a. Angela b. Christin c. Emily
- 2. Where is the party? a. Angela's house b. Christin's house c. Emily's house
- 3. Will Steve invite Adam?a. Yes, Angela told him to.b. No, Adam is already coming.c. No, Adam is not invited.

# ACTIVITY 2: TALKING ABOUT THE FUTURE

A. Study the chart. B. Listen to sentences 1–10, and repeat.

Talking about the Future			
subject	will + base form of verb	time phrase	
l We / You They He / She It	will study will relax will go to the store will visit friends will be	after school. after work. tomorrow. next week. on Friday.	
subject	<b>be going to</b> + base form of verb	time phrase	
l We / You They He / She It	am going to study are going to relax are going to go to the store is going to visit friends is going to be	after school. after work. tomorrow. next week. on Friday.	



C. Listen to each conversation. Then read the question, and answer aloud.



1. What is Oscar going to do tonight?



2. What will Li Na and Botan do next weekend?



3. What will Jin do tomorrow night?4. What time will the concert start?

D. Pretend these are your schedules.

Tuesday Friday Listen to Listen to 10:30 meet with Sandra 9:00 presentation at work questions 1–3. questions 4–6. Answer aloud. 1:00 lunch with Sergio Answer aloud. 2:00 pick up order for work Use the future Use the future 4:00 doctor appointment 6:30 eat dinner with Paola tense. tense.

## **ACTIVITY 3: TALKING ABOUT FUTURE EVENTS**

A. Study the chart.

Talking about Future Events			
Present	Future		
There <b>is</b>	There <b>will be</b>	a play next week.	
It <b>is</b>	It <b>will be</b>	at the theater.	
lt' <b>s</b>	It's <b>going to be</b>	great!	

*Note:* Sometimes we use time phrases (like *next week*) to talk about the future, but we use a present tense verb. The festival **is** today. The festival **is next week**.

B. Use the words to write a correct sentence. Say the sentence aloud. Listen to the correct answer.

1. a movie / There / in the park / will be

3. cold / going to be / It's

2. on Saturday / is / There / a concert.

4. is / at 7:00 tomorrow / It

C. Look at the schedule for October. Tell another person about each event.

Talk about **what** it is, **when** it will be, and **where** it is going to be. Listen to examples 1–4.

OCTOBER			
Friday, October 1	Saturday, October 9	Friday, October 15	Saturday, October 23
What: Piano Concert Time: 7:00 p.m. Place: Brown Concert Hall	What: Soccer Game Time: 2:00 p.m. Place: Wells Field	What: Country Dance Time: 8:00 p.m. Place: The Party Barn	What: Service Project Time: 10:00 a.m. Place: Rosa's house

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D. Read Moira's schedule for next week. Finish the sentences. Use the words given.

		Example:		
C Week	ly Plan			
<b>6</b> 7	Cancer fundraíser	On Tuesday she is goin	<u>ig to study with a group of class</u>	mates at 4:00 p.m.
non Mon	-All day	-	be going to)	
67	Study group	(		
et IVE	-4:00 p.m.	1. On Sunday,		
e 7	Carl's graduation	(*	will)	
WED WED	-6:00 p.m.	2		on Thursday
8	Bíology test	Ζ		on Thursday.
😭 тни	-10:00 a.m.	(will)		
67	Camping at Lake	3. On Saturday		
FRI FRI	Lorraíne	5	be going to)	·
<b>e</b>	Camping at Lake	(		
SAT	Lorraíne			
67 67	Famíly dínner	E. Say what she will do	on the days given. Listen to exa	amples 1–3.
	-7:00 p.m.			
-		1. Monday	2. Wednesday	3. Friday
		-	-	2

F. Think of an event that you would like to go to someday. Write about the event.

- When will the event be?
  - Where will it be?
- Who will go with you?
- What will you do there?



**Example**: I will go to a choir concert in December. It's going to be on the 8th. It will be at the university in my town. There will be Christmas music. I will invite my sister because she loves Christmas music.

### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Take turns asking and answering questions about next week's or next month's schedule. What will you do next Monday? Sunday? Tell your practice partner four things you will do next month.
- C. Look at the flyers below. Take turns asking and answering questions. What day or days will the event take place? What time will it start? How much does it cost to go? When will the tickets go on sale? Which event would you like to go to? Who will you invite? Why? What will you do at the event?

#### Children's Home Holiday Fundraiser

Join us for a fun evening of great food and entertainment. Friday, Dec. 14, 6:00–10:00 p.m. At Hometown Grill Tickets: \$25 Tickets go on sale November 1st.

#### **Lincoln County Fair** Friday 12 noon–9 n m

Friday 12 noon-9 p.m. Saturday 11 a.m.-8 p.m. Rides and games Food Music and dance Animal exhibitions Free admission

#### Independent Film Festival

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Come view new films from local directors and producers. Sept. 9–10 7 p.m.–9 p.m. Location: North Theater Entry: \$10

D. Plan a birthday party for someone. Who will the party be for? When will the party be? What day? What time? Where will the party be? Who will you invite? What will you do at the party?

#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE PARTY**

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1. Learn the vocabulary: be accepted, illegal drugs, embarrass, refuse, guilty, expelled

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



John and his friend Matt were accepted to study at a university in Japan. They were thrilled.



When they arrived in Japan, Matt was invited to a party.



He asked John to come with him. "Where will the party be?" asked John. "On the roof of a hotel," said Matt.



"Who will be there?" asked John. "Other international students," said Matt. "It will be fun."



John and Matt went to the party. It was fun at first. But then people started drinking more.



Then the party host brought out some illegal drugs. John felt very uncomfortable. He said, "Matt, we should leave."



Matt said, "I don't want to leave. We don't have to use the drugs. We'll just pass it to the next person."



John knew what was happening wasn't right. He said, "I'm going to leave. You should come with me."



Matt refused. He stayed at the party. After John left, the police came to the party.



The people threw the drugs off the roof. The police tested the people at the party. Those who touched the drugs were guilty.



Matt was expelled from the university and sent home. John stayed in Japan and went to the university.



He became a successful businessman. He later returned to Japan to teach at a Japanese university.

4. Learn the vocabulary: choose (choice), liberty, mediator, captivity, course of action, consequences

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"Wherefore, men . . . are free to **choose liberty** and eternal life, through the great **Mediator** of all men, or to **choose captivity** and death" (2 Nephi 2:27).

"*Choose* you this day whom ye will serve; . . . but as for me and my house, we will serve the Lord" (Joshua 24:15).

"While you are free to **choose** your **course of action**, you are not free to **choose** the **consequences**" (For the Strength of Youth [booklet, 2011], 2).

- 6. Ponder: What do you want for your life? What choices will help you get what you want?
- 7. Write three consequences of bad choices and three consequences of good choices. \_

# ENGLISHCONNECT 2

# LESSON 18: HOLIDAYS

CONVERSATION: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ON NEW YEAR'S EVE?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

1. Hey, Dave, what are you \_\_\_\_\_ do on New Year's \_\_\_\_\_?

- 2. I will \_\_\_\_\_\_ watch the fireworks and \_\_\_\_\_\_ time with my family.
- 3. That \_\_\_\_\_\_ like fun.
- 4. What about you? Do you have any \_\_\_\_\_?
- 5. I'm not sure yet—I \_\_\_\_\_ probably go to a party or something.

sounds going to probably Eve will plans spend fireworks

# **ACTIVITY 2: THE FUTURE TENSE**

A. Study the chart. B. Listen and repeat sentences 1–6.

Using Probably to Talk about the Future				
Using <i>probably</i> with <i>will</i> <i>will</i> + <b>probably</b> + base form of verb	Using <i>probably</i> with <i>be going to</i> <i>be</i> + <b>probably</b> + <i>going to</i> + base form of the verb			
I will probably go to the dance.*	I am <b>probably</b> going to go to the dance.			
She <b>probably</b> <i>won't</i> go to the dance.	She <i>is</i> <b>probably</b> not <i>going to</i> go to the dance.			
There <i>will</i> <b>probably</b> be a parade on New Year's Day. It's <b>probably</b> <i>going to</i> snow tonight.				
*This means that the speaker thinks he will go to the dance, but he is not completely sure.				

C. Listen. Choose the picture that matches what the person will probably do.





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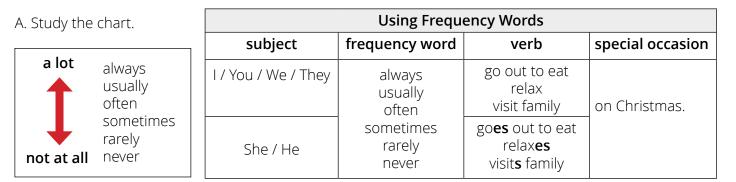
D. Study the chart. Then listen to sentences 1–4, and repeat.

Contractions with Will and Will Not				
l will — I'll				
i will not 🗕	→ Iwon't			
I <b>will</b> go to the beach.	l' <b>ll</b> go to the beach.			
l <b>will not</b> stay home.	l <b>won't</b> stay home.			
I <b>will</b> probably graduate next year.	l' <b>ll</b> probably graduate next year.			
I will probably not move.	l probably <b>won't</b> move.			

E. Listen to the conversation. Read the questions. Write your answers in a complete sentence.

- 1. What does Alan usually do on New Year's Eve?
- 2. Will he do the same thing this year? Why or why not?
- 3. Will Alan go to Jennifer's party?

# **ACTIVITY 3: USING FREQUENCY WORDS**



3.

B. Listen to the questions. Answer aloud using a frequency word. Listen to the answers.









C. Read the questions. Write how often you do the activities.

- 1. How often do you watch fireworks on New Year's Eve?
- 3. How often do you go out to dinner on Christmas?
- 2. How often do you go to church on Easter?

4. How often do you go dancing on your birthday?

5. What is your favorite holiday? Why? What do you usually do? Who do you usually spend it with?



# **ACTIVITY 4: DIWALI**

#### A. Listen. B. Read aloud.



My name is Deepika. I live in India. My favorite holiday is Diwali, the festival of light. It's my favorite because my name means "light." We usually celebrate for 5 days.



Then all of my neighbors gather in the street and we share a delicious feast.



On the first day of Diwali, we always clean our homes. We usually go shopping. We buy new clothes, gold, and new utensils. At night children light firecrackers.

Diwali is a Hindu feast, but

come to the feast. We all

share food.

even my non-Hindu neighbors



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On the second day, we decorate our floors with Rangoli. Rangoli are colorful designs made with sand.



On the third day, families gather together to celebrate. We light the lamps, and we pray.



On the fourth day, we visit our friends and family. Sometimes we exchange gifts.



On the fifth day, brothers visit their married sisters. The sisters prepare special sweets for their brothers. I love this holiday.

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C. Put the sentences in the correct order.	D. Listen to sentences 1–4. Write what you hear.
All of my neighbors gather together. We light the lamps, and we pray.	1
<u>1</u> We always clean our homes.	2
We decorate our floors with Rangoli.	3
We buy new clothes, gold, and new utensils. Sisters prepare sweets for their brothers.	4

### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.

Help your partner retell the story in Activity 4. What is Diwali? What do they usually do on each day?

B. Take turns saying what you usually do on New Year's Eve, Christmas, Independence Day or your national holiday, and Easter. Then say one thing that you will *probably* do and one thing that you *probably won't* do.

Example 1: What do you **usually** do on <u>Easter</u>? I **usually** have a big dinner with my family on Easter. Example 2: What will you do on <u>Easter</u>? I'll probably go to church with my family on Easter. I probably won't go shopping on Easter.

C. Think about the next important holiday coming up in your country. Take turns talking about your plans. Who will you spend it with? Where will you be? What activities will you do?

Now talk about your favorite holiday. What do you usually do on your favorite holiday? Are there things that you never do on this holiday? Why is it your favorite? Say as much as you can.

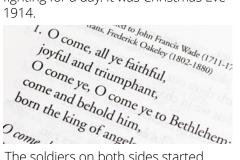
## **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: SILENT NIGHT**

1. Learn the vocabulary: silent soldier, trench, unoffical, truce, no man's land, mortal enemies

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



During World War I, 100,000 German and British soldiers decided to stop fighting for a day. It was Christmas Eve 1914.



The soldiers on both sides started singing Christmas songs. They took turns singing. They sang in their own languages.



They gave each other small gifts of food, buttons, and hats. Some even played soccer with each other.



They had been fighting for five months in trenches. On that night, there were no guns fired. It was silent. It was an unofficial truce.



The next morning, Christmas Day, the truce continued. Many soldiers came out of the trenches. They walked across "no-man's-land."



When Christmas Day ended, the soldiers went back to their trenches and started fighting again.



German soldiers decorated their trenches with Christmas trees and candles.



They shook hands with each other. They said "Merry Christmas" to each other.



A German soldier wrote, "How strange it was.... Christmas, the celebration of Love, managed to bring mortal enemies together as friends for a time."

Learn the vocabulary: meekness, peace, counsellor, mighty, everlasting, earnestly, seek, source
 Read aloud. Then listen.

"And his name shall be called Wonderful, **Counsellor**, The **mighty** God, The **everlasting** Father, The Prince of **Peace**" (Isaiah 9:6).

"Learn of me, and listen to my words; walk in the **meekness** of my Spirit, and you shall have **peace** in me" (Doctrine and Covenants 19:23).

> "Peace can come to all who earnestly seek the Prince of Peace" (Russell M. Nelson, "Jesus the Christ—Our Prince of Peace" [First Presidency Christmas devotional, Dec. 8, 2013], ChurchofJesusChrist.org).

- 6. Ponder: How is Jesus Christ the source of peace? How do you find peace in your life?
- 7. Write ways that you can find peace in your life. \_

8. Speak: Tell the story to someone. Talk about how Jesus Christ is the source of peace.

#### 74 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 19

# ENGLISHCONNECT 2

### **LESSON 19: GOING ON VACATION**

CONVERSATION: WHERE ARE YOU GOING ON VACATION?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hey, Diego, are you going to \_\_\_\_\_\_ a vacation this year?
- 2. Yes, we go on vacation every year. I will \_\_\_\_\_\_ in July. I am very excited.
- 3. So, where \_\_\_\_\_ you go this year?
- 4. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ camping with my family in the \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. That sounds like fun! \_\_\_\_\_ will you \_\_\_\_\_ there?
- 6. We are going \_\_\_\_\_ and fish during the day. At
- night, we will just \_\_\_\_\_ and enjoy the \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Well, I hope you \_\_\_\_\_\_ a great time!



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Where	do	unwind	will have	What	will	to go	leave	going
SC	enery	to hike	fish	take	ma	ountains	COUI	ntry

E. Listen to questions 1–3. Answer aloud in complete sentences. Listen to the answers.

# **ACTIVITY 2: CONTRACTIONS WITH THE FUTURE**

A. Study the chart. Then listen and repeat examples 1–10.



Contractions			Be Going To	
l	am	ľm	I'm going to visit Paris.	
we are we're		we're	You're going to love Hawaii. We're going to try new food. They're going to travel by train.	
she is sh		he's she's it's	He's going camping with friends. She's going to explore a park. It's going to be fun!	
			Will	
/ you / we / they / he / will→ 'll she / it		will→ ′ll	l'll visit Paris. We'll try new food. It'll be fun!	
<i>Note:</i> To mak	e a cor	itraction wi	ith a person's name: Jana is → Jana's	

B. Look at the pictures. Say where the person is going. Say what they'll do. Listen to the examples.











Katya

beach

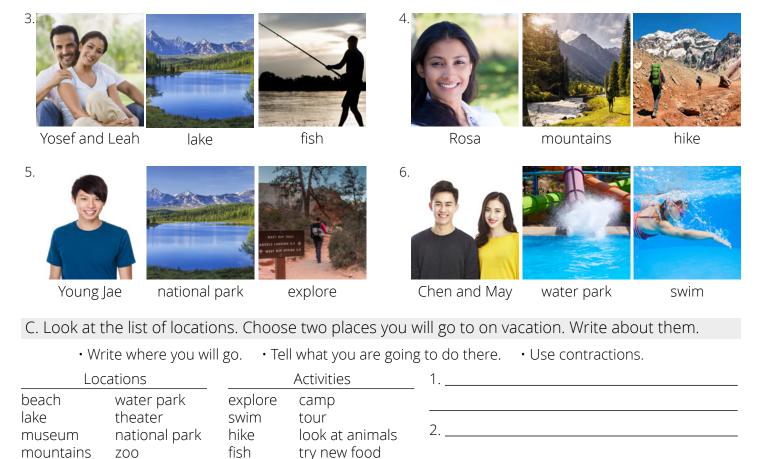
relax

Sam

museum

take a tour

LESSON 19—EnglishConnect 2 | 75



D. Read and listen to the conversation. Listen to questions 1–4. Answer aloud. Listen to the answers.

enjoy the scenery



aquarium

**Angel:** Guess what, Jana! We're going to Hawaii this summer. **Jana**: Wow! That's great! Tell me about it.

**Angel**: We will travel by bus around the island so we can see the sites.

Jana: What sites will you visit?

**Angel**: We are going to see volcanoes and local villages. We will also go swimming with dolphins.

Jana: That sounds like so much fun!

# **ACTIVITY 3: TALKING ABOUT TRANSPORTATION**

relax

A. Study the chart. Then listen and repeat examples 1–7.

an island

By + <u>Mode of Transportation</u>					
l am going <b>by</b> <u>boat</u> .					
They're going <b>by</b> <u>train</u> .					
We will travel <b>by</b> <u>bus</u> .					
She's going <b>by</b> <u>plane</u> .	OR	She's flying.			
I will travel <b>by</b> <u>car</u> .	OR	l'm driving.			



B. Read the question. Write an answer. Use the word given.

1. How will you go to the ruins? (bus)

3. How are you traveling to California? (car)

- 2. How will we go to the mountains? (train)
- 4. How are Judy and Roger going to the island? (boat)

## **ACTIVITY 4: A HAWAIIAN TOUR BROCHURE**

A. Listen. B. Read aloud.



Are you going on vacation? Do you want to swim with turtles? Or do you just want to unwind and relax? Here at the Beach Hotel, we have the best tours in Oahu.



We have a bus that will take you to the ocean. Then we will travel by boat to Turtle Canyon. There you can swim with turtles. After swimming, we will feed you lunch.



This hike is two miles. You will see beautiful trees and flowers. Then you can swim at a waterfall.



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Travel by bus to the Polynesian Cultural Center. You will stop at ten sites. You will see beaches, pineapple fields, and a temple.



At the Polynesian Cultural Center, you can learn about six different island cultures. You can ride in a canoe. You can watch fire dancing.



A luau is a Hawaiian feast. We serve pork at the luau. It is baked in an underground oven. You will love the cooked pineapple and pork.



Our shops sell everything. You can buy art, jewelry, and other souvenirs. We also sell batteries and cameras.



Come Vísít the Beach Hotel!

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C. What can you do at the Beach Hotel? Check the boxes next to activities listed in the brochure.

watch fire dancing	$\square$ swim with dolphins	🗖 watch hula dancing	□ see volcanoes
🗖 eat pineapple	$\square$ hike to a waterfall	□ see a temple	🗖 eat pork
🗖 eat fish	🗖 ride in a canoe	buy souvenirs	$\square$ swim with turtles

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Help your partner talk about the Hawaiian tour in Activity 4. What will tourists do at the Beach Hotel? How do they get to each location? What is a luau? Which tours would you like to go on? Why?
- C. Help your practice partner make complete sentences using contractions and *be going to* for the pictures in Activity 2B. Then look at the list of locations in Activity 2C. Take turns saying where you will go, what you will do, and how you will get there.
- D. Use the pictures below to create a conversation between two people. Ask about each person's plans for the weekend. Say something about each picture.



E. Pretend that you are going on a three-day vacation this summer. Take turns asking and answering questions about your plans. Where will you go? How will you get there? Who will you go with? What activities will you do each day?

### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: LIVING BELOW YOUR PRIVILEGES**

1. Learn the vocabulary: cruise, ticket, suitcase, farewell, to include, to miss out

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



A man was going on a cruise. He was very excited about this vacation. He was going to visit Rome, Athens, and Istanbul.



He had saved his money for a long time. Finally, he had enough money for a ticket.



He didn't have a lot of money, though. So he took food in his suitcase. He ate that food every day.



He didn't go to the restaurants on the ship. He didn't go to the movies, parties, or other activities.



He explored the cities. But most of the time, he stayed in his room. He ate the food that he brought.



On the last day of the cruise, a man asked, "Which of the farewell parties are you going to?"



He said to the man, "I don't have money to go to the parties."



The man said, "You don't need any money. The food, parties, and activities are included in the ticket. You already paid for everything."



The man was shocked and sad. He had missed out on many things.

Learn the vocabulary: privilege, restrained, associates, worth, soul, capacity
 Read aloud. Then listen.

"if you live up to your **privileges**, the angels cannot be **restrained** from being your **associates**" (*Teachings of Presidents of the Church: Joseph Smith* [2007], 454).

"The **worth** of a **soul** is its **capacity** to become as God" (Thomas S. Monson, "Our Sacred Priesthood Trust," *Ensign* or *Liahona*, May 2006, 56).

- 6. Ponder: As a child of God, what is your potential? What promises has God given you?
- 7. Write: Answer this question: What will you do to live up to your potential as a child of God? \_



- 1. I eat fruit every day.
- 2. They play soccer twice a week. 3. He goes to the doctor every year.



5. She avoids harmful substances.



6. He drinks enough water.

B. Write the answer to the question. Use a complete sentence.

- 1. Is sleeping enough a healthy habit?
- Yes, sleeping enough is a healthy habit.
- 2. Is watching too much TV a healthy habit?
- 3. Is smoking a healthy habit?





8. He gets enough sleep.

- 4. Is exercising a healthy habit?
- 5. Is eating vegetables a healthy habit?
- 6. Is eating candy a healthy habit?

- 7. They exercise regularly.
- 4. They stay active.

### **ACTIVITY 3: GIVING ADVICE**

A. Listen to examples 1–5. Choose the correct advice for each person.



Daniel a. You shouldn't run. b. You shouldn't rest.



Anika a. You should take medicine. b. You should wrap it.



Hiroto a. You should take it easy. b. You should stretch.



John a. You should ice it. b. You should see a doctor.

3.

B. Choose the correct answer.

- Stephanie sprained her ankle. She \_\_\_\_ elevate it.
   a. should b. shouldn't
- 2. He was in a car accident. He <u>go</u> to the hospital.a. should b. shouldn't
- Li Wei has a fever. He \_\_\_ go to work.
   a. should b. shouldn't

C. Write a sentence. Use the words given.

Example: need / You / sleep / to / more

You need to sleep more.

1. specialist / You / see / a / should

2. a / You / need / note / doctor's

Stacey a. You should drink more water. b. You should wrap it.

4. Pilar doesn't feel well. She \_\_\_\_ take it easy.a. should b. shouldn't

- 5. Louis is gaining weight. He \_\_ eat so many desserts.a. should b. shouldn't
- 6. Fetu had surgery. He \_\_\_ play sports.a. should b. shouldn't
- 3. sugar / should / avoid / You
- 4. use / You / an / should / ointment

5. get / a / to / need / prescription / You

D. Listen to each question. Answer aloud in a complete sentence. Listen to the answers.









### **ACTIVITY 4: ANNA GETS SICK**

A. Listen to the story. B. Read the story aloud. C. Answer the questions.



Hi! I'm Anna. I try to exercise regularly, eat vegetables, and sleep at least eight hours a night.

- 1. What does Anna not usually do to stay healthy?
  - a. Exercise regularly.
  - b. Eat vegetables.
  - c. Eat fruit.

b. She is working a lot. c. She has a disease.

D. Write 5 sentences about what you do to stay healthy.



Last month, I wasn't feeling well, though. I started working more hours. I didn't have time to exercise. Sometimes I didn't eat enough.

- 2. Why did Anna start feeling sick?
  - a. She is pregnant.



I went to the doctor. He told me that I needed to rest, eat, and exercise to feel better. Now I feel much better.

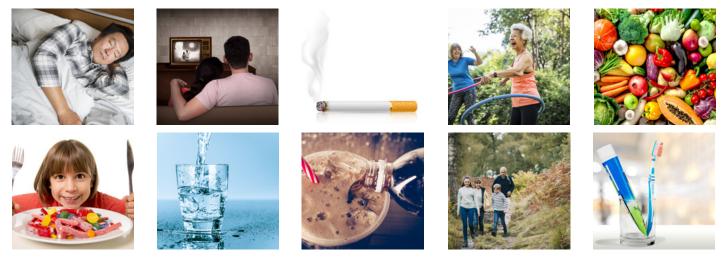
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- 3. What did the doctor tell Anna to do?
  - a. Rest, eat, and exercise.
  - b. Continue working hard.
  - c. Take medicine.

### **PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS**

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the pictures below, and practice using should or shouldn't to talk about healthy habits. Examples: You shouldn't smoke. You should brush your teeth twice a day. You should eat less candy.



- Help your practice partner retell the story in Activity 4. C.
- D. Talk about your healthy habits. Ask your practice partner to tell you at least five things they do to be healthy. Help them make complete sentences. Tell them what you do to be healthy.

# **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: JESUS HEALS A BLIND MAN**

1. Learn the vocabulary: disciples, blind, sin, righteous, worship, worshipped

John 9:1–41

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



One day, Jesus was walking with his disciples. They saw a man who had been born blind.



The disciples asked if the man or his parents had sinned. The man was blind so that Jesus could heal him and show people God's power.



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Jesus made clay out of the dirt. He put it on the blind man's eyes.



Jesus told the man to go wash his eyes. As soon as the man washed the clay from his eyes, he could see.



Some believed him. They said Jesus was a righteous man. Many did not believe him. They said Jesus was a sinner.



When his neighbors saw him, they were not sure who he was. He told them that Jesus had healed him.



The man said that Jesus was a righteous man. Later, Jesus asked the man if he believed in the Son of God.



The neighbors took the man to the rulers of the city. The man told them that Jesus had healed him.



The man asked who the Son of God was. Jesus said that He was the Son of God. The man worshipped him.

- 4. Learn the vocabulary: ye = you (the disciples), Thou = you (Jesus), thou = you (Peter), flesh, revealed, thee = you (Peter)
- 5. Read aloud. "[Jesus] saith unto [his disciples], . . . whom say ye that I am? And Simon Peter Then listen. answered and said, Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God. And Jesus answered and said unto him, Blessed art thou, Simon Bar-jona: for flesh and blood hath not revealed it unto thee, but my Father which is in heaven"

(Matthew 16:15-17).

6. Ponder: What do you believe about Jesus Christ?

7. Write what you believe about Jesus Christ: \_\_\_\_\_

8. Speak: Tell what you believe about Jesus Christ to three people.

#### 82 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 21

# ENGLISHCONNECT 2

#### **LESSON 21: HEALTH AND SICKNESS**

# CONVERSATION: HOW ARE YOU FEELING?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hello, Susan, how are you \_\_\_\_\_\_?
- 2. Hi, Dr. Green. I don't feel very well. I have had a \_\_\_\_\_\_ for three days and my \_\_\_\_\_\_ really hurts. I'm in a lot of pain, and I can't sleep.
- 3. Hmm, that doesn't sound good. Where does your back hurt?

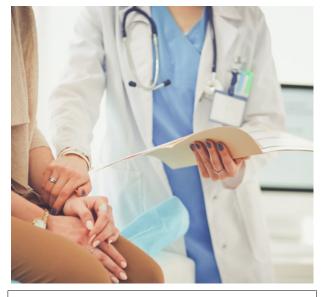
It hurts up here, in between my shoulders. I feel a

\_\_\_\_\_ every time I move my neck.

- 4. Did you do something that \_\_\_\_\_ your back?
- 5. Well, I tried to lift a heavy \_\_\_\_\_ on Monday.
- 6. I think you pulled a \_\_\_\_\_\_. I want you to take this

\_\_\_\_\_ twice a day with food.

- 7. You should take it right after you eat in the morning and evening. Come back and see me in a \_\_\_\_\_.
- E. Choose the correct answer(s).
- 1. How does Susan feel? a. She has a headache. b. Her back hurts. c. She broke her back.
- 2. What does Susan feel when she moves her neck? a tired
  - b. heat
  - c. sharp pain



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muscle feeling back medication pain box today headache sharp week hurt

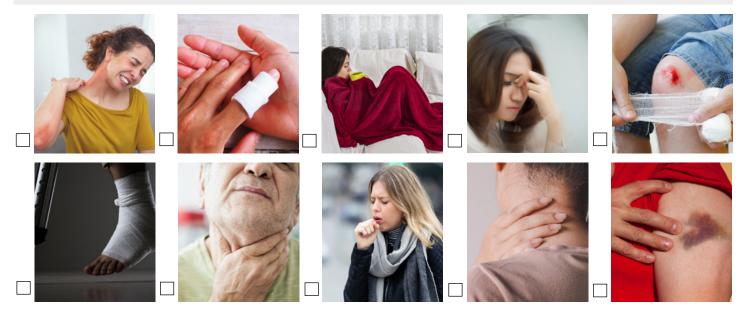
- 3. What does the doctor think is wrong?
  - a. Susan is sick.
  - b. Susan pulled a muscle.

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c. Susan is pregnant.

# ACTIVITY 2: WHAT'S WRONG?

A. Listen to sentences 1–5. Choose the picture that matches what you hear. Write the number in the box.



## **ACTIVITY 3: HOW DO YOU FEEL?**

A. Listen to sentences 1–8 and repeat. B. Listen again and write what you hear.



I have a runny nose.















# **ACTIVITY 4: DOCTOR'S INSTRUCTIONS**

A. Look at the picture. Choose the instructions that match the picture. Read aloud. Listen.



1. a. Rest for two days. b. Exercise more.



3

2. a. Don't take medicine. b. Don't take this pill on an empty stomach.



3. a. Elevate your ankle. b. Put ice on your ankle.

B. Rewrite the advice in the form of a command.



Example 1: You should take one pill twice a day. Command: Take one pill twice a day.

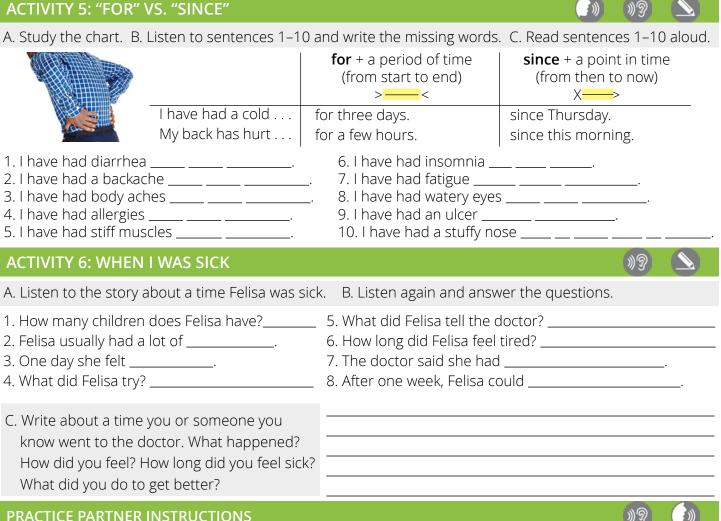
- 1. You need to rest for two days.
- 2. I think you should drink more water.
- 3. You shouldn't exercise for a week.



Example 2: You shouldn't go to work today. Command: Don't go to work today.

- 4. You need to drink lots of water and eat fruit.
- 5. You should wrap and elevate it.
- 6. I think you should take allergy medicine.

### ACTIVITY 5: "FOR" VS. "SINCE"



#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the pictures below. Ask your practice partner to describe what's wrong and to give advice. Example: "She has a cold." "She should rest and drink liquids."











C. Look at the pictures below and practice using for or since. Ask your practice partner to describe the symptom, tell how long the patient has had the symptom, and give advice. Example: She has had a fever since last week. She needs to visit the doctor.





last week

three days a week









five days

D. Talk about Felisa's story in Activity 6. Tell about a time you or someone you know was sick. Then ask about a time that your partner or someone they know was sick or went to the doctor. Ask, "What happened? How did you feel? How long did you feel sick? What did you do to get better?

### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: IT WILL ALL WORK OUT**

1. Learn the vocabulary: critical condition, motto, grief, resurrection, sealing

2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Our daughter Georgia was 21 years old. She had a terrible bike accident. She was in the hospital in critical condition. Our family said, "It will all work out."



I flew immediately from our mission in Brazil to the USA to be with her. I held on to our family motto—"It will all work out."



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But our lovely daughter died just hours before my plane landed.



We felt grief and shock. How could we *still* say, "It will all work out"?



After Georgia's death, our feelings were raw. We struggled. Sometimes we still feel great sorrow. But we understand that no one ever really dies.



Georgia is no longer with us. But we have faith that she is still living as a spirit.



We believe we will live with her eternally if we keep our temple covenants.



We have faith in our Redeemer and His Resurrection. We have faith in His priesthood power and faith in eternal sealings.



We can still say, "It will all work out."

4. Learn the vocabulary: remove, thine = yours, align

5. Read aloud. Then listen. Jesus said, "Father, if thou be willing, **remove** this cup from me: nevertheless not my will, but **thine**, be done" (Luke 22:42).

"When we open ourselves to the Spirit, we learn God's way and feel His will" (Neill F. Marriott, "Yielding Our Hearts to God," *Ensign* or *Liahona*, Nov. 2015, 31).

- 6. Ponder: How can you **align** your will with God's will?
- 7. Write three ways that you can have faith in God. \_\_\_\_
- Speak: Ask three people what they do to align their will with God's will. Tell them how you plan to be more open to God's will.

#### 86 | EnglishConnect 2—LESSON 22

ENGLISHCONNECT 2 LESSON 22: SPECIAL OCCASIONS						
CONVERSATION: WHEN IS THE CELEBRATI	ON?	»?				
A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write th	e missing wc	rd. D. Read aloud.				
1. Hey, Brian, did you hear about the?						
2. No—who is getting?			2			
Brett and Alisha are!						
3. Really? That's great is the wedding?						
4. It on August 15th at 1:00.						
5. They are going to have a that ever	ening. 🔛					
6. I hope they send me an	and the second		Read And States			
reception married inv	vitation Wh	nen wedding will be	e			
E. Answer the questions.						
b. Samantha's sister b. Aug	will the weddir uary 8th gust 15th /ember 11th	a. The morn b. The even	reception? hing of their wedding ing of their wedding fter their wedding			
F. Listen to Conversation 2. Choose the corre	ect answer.					
b. Friday b.	ime is Tom's p 7:00 8:00 9:00	arty? 3. What time will 5 a. 6:00 b. 6:45 c. 7:00	Stuart pick Jenny up?			
ACTIVITY 2: "WH-" QUESTIONS WITH THE I	FUTURE TEN	SE I	EI »? (*)			
A. Study the chart. B. Read aloud. Then listen.						
1. Question: Where will the party be?	"W	h-" Questions with the Fut	ure Tense			
Answer: The party will be at Christin's house.		Questions	Answers			
<ol> <li>Q: When is the party?</li> <li>A: The party is on June 13th.</li> </ol>	Where	will the party bad	At Christin's house.			
<ol> <li>Q: What day is the party going to be?</li> <li>A: The party is going to be on Saturday.</li> </ol>	When	will the party be? is the party?	On June 13th.			
<ul><li>4. Q: What time is the party?</li><li>A: The party is at 7:00.</li></ul>	What day What time	is the party going to be?	On Saturday. At 7:00.			
C. Choose the correct question for each answer.						
1. The activity will be at the church.	3. The gradu	ation is going to be on Satu	rday.			

- b. Where will the activity be?c. What time will the activity be?
- 2. The reception starts at 8:00.

a. When will the activity be?

- a. What time is the reception?
- b. Where is the reception?
- c. What day is the reception?



3. The graduation is going to be on Saturday a. Where is the graduation going to be?b. What time is the graduation going to be?c. When is the graduation going to be?

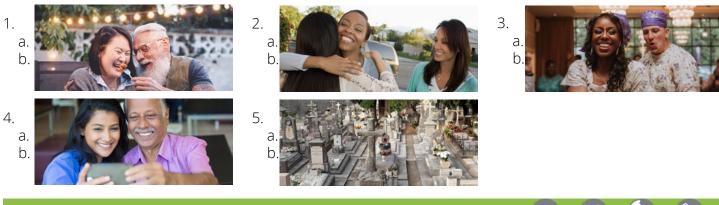


4. The birthday party will be at my house.a. When is the birthday party?b. Where is the birthday party?c. What day is the birthday party?





D. Listen to questions 1–5. Then listen to answers *a* and *b*. Choose the correct answer.



# ACTIVITY 3: "YES" OR "NO" QUESTIONS WITH "WILL"

A. Study the chart. B. Read aloud. Then listen.

	"Yes" or "No" Questions with <b>Will</b>				
	Question	Answer			
	Will + <u>subject</u> + main verb	Subject + <b>will</b> + main verb			
Will	Henri come to the reception? the <u>graduation</u> start at 3:00? <u>your cousins</u> be at the ceremony?	Yes, <u>Henri</u> <b>will</b> <i>come</i> . No, the <u>graduation</u> <b>will</b> <i>start</i> at 3:30. Yes, <u>they</u> <b>will</b> <i>be</i> there.			
	Will + there + main verb	There + will + main verb			
Will	there be a band at the wedding? there be refreshments at the church activity?	Yes, <u>there</u> <b>will</b> <i>be</i> a band. No, <u>there</u> <b>will</b> not <i>be</i> refreshments.			

C. Listen to the invitations. Write the missing information.



Event 1:	_
Time:	
Day:	
Details:	

D. Write the words in the correct order.

1. party / The / 7:00 / at / will be

2. on / will be / celebration / Saturday / The

- Event 2:\_\_\_\_\_

   Time: \_\_\_\_\_

   Date: \_\_\_\_\_

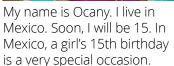
   Details: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. dancing / There / be /will
- 4. a party / There / at / will be / my house

E. Write to a friend. Invite him or her to an event. Give as many details as possible. Listen to the examples. Include the event, time, day, date, place, and details.

# ACTIVITY 4: A QUINCEAÑERA

A. Listen to the story. B. Read the story aloud.







Before the party, I will practice dancing with my friends.



My mother and I will pick out a beautiful dress.



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We'll invite all of our friends and family to the party.



On the day of the party, I will dance a waltz with my father



Everyone will give me their best wishes. My friends and I will perform our special dances.



I'll receive special gifts, such as a pair of high heels, a crown, and a doll. This shows that I am no longer a child. I am a princess in God's eyes.



The food will be amazing. We'll eat mole with chicken and tres leches cake. I can't wait!

#### **PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS**



- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Help your partner retell the story in Activity 4. How does she prepare for the party? Who will come to the party? What will they do at the party? Take turns talking about an event that was special to you.
- C. Look at the pictures. Take turns inviting each other to the activity. Use the words given.



anniversary



wedding





birthday







retirement party

D. Ask your partner the following questions. Help them answer in complete sentences.

Where will the birthday party be?





funeral

When will the graduation be? What time is the baby shower going to be?



my house

next week

reception be?

What time will the



tomorrow night

E. Take turns inviting each other to an event. Include the event, time, day, date, place, and details.

5:00

### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: JESUS IS BAPTIZED**

1. Learn the vocabulary: baptist, baptize, camel, locust, tell the truth, be fair

Matthew 3:1–16

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



John the Baptist lived in the desert for many years. He wore clothes made of camel's hair. He ate honey and locusts.



People came from the cities to hear him teach. He taught the people about Jesus Christ.



He told them to repent of their sins and be baptized. John baptized people who repented of their sins.



The people asked John how to live better lives. He told them to share with the poor, tell the truth, and be fair to others.



He said that Jesus Christ would soon come. Jesus would give them the gift of the Holy Ghost.



One day when John was baptizing people in the Jordan River, Jesus Christ came to him. Jesus asked John to baptize Him.



John knew that Jesus had always obeyed God's commandments. He did not need to repent. John thought that Jesus did not need to be baptized.



But God commanded all people to be baptized. Jesus told John to baptize Him. Jesus set an example for us. He obeyed God's commandment to be baptized.



When Jesus came up out of the water, the Holy Ghost came to Him. God spoke from heaven. He said, "This is my beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased."

4. Learn the vocabulary: principle, ordinance, baptism, immersion, remission, laying on of hands5. Read aloud. Then listen.

*"We believe that the first principles and ordinances of the Gospel are: first, Faith in the Lord Jesus Christ; second, Repentance; third, Baptism by immersion for the remission of sins; fourth, Laying on of hands for the gift of the Holy Ghost" (Articles of Faith 1:4).* 

6. Ponder: Why was Jesus baptized? Why is baptism necessary to return to God?

7. Write why Jesus was baptized.

8. Speak: Retell the story. Talk about why baptism is necessary to return to God.

#### 90 | EnglishConnect 2-LESSON 23

### **ENGLISHCONNECT 2**

#### **LESSON 23: SPECIAL OCCASIONS**

#### CONVERSATION: HOW WAS THE WEDDING?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. Hey, Robyn, how was the \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2. Oh, it was a beautiful \_\_\_\_\_. The bride and groom \_\_\_\_\_ so happy.
- 3. I \_\_\_\_\_, of course. It was kind of bittersweet.
- 4. Did everything go well for the \_\_\_\_\_?
- 5. Yes. We did most of the work \_\_\_\_\_\_ the reception so I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to relax and enjoy it.
- 6. It was so much fun! We \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful meal and everyone \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. So many people \_\_\_\_\_!
- 8. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ with lots of friends and family members.
- 9. At the end, \_\_\_\_\_ fireworks. It was great!
- 10. Well, it sounds like it \_\_\_\_\_ a success!



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cried was able came wedding ate reception before looked there were danced visited was ceremony

#### **ACTIVITY 2: ASKING QUESTIONS ABOUT EVENTS**



#### Asking Questions about Events—Three Ways

A. Study the chart. Then listen and repeat.

- 1. How was the <u>wedding</u>?
- 2. How did the <u>wedding</u> go?
- 3. What did you do at the <u>wedding</u>?



B. Look at the letter given. Use the pattern that goes with the letter. Ask about the event in the picture. Listen.

- A = How was the \_\_\_\_?
- B = How did the \_\_\_\_ go?
- C = What did you do at the \_\_\_\_?



Example: B, C

B: How did the reception go?

C: What did you do at the reception?

birthday party



1. B 2. A



3. B 4. C



5. A

baby shower



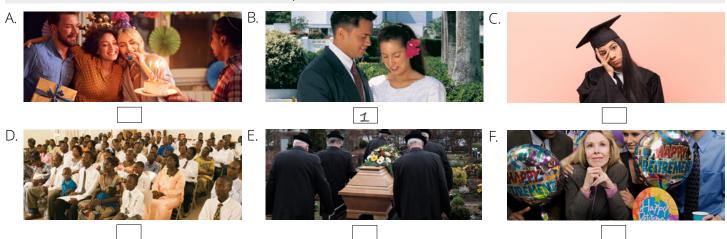
6. B

reception

7. C 8. A

### **ACTIVITY 3: DESCRIBING EVENTS**

A. Listen to each conversation. Choose the picture that matches.



B. Look at the picture. Describe the event. Use the words given. Listen to the examples.





dance, eat cake

baby shower, fun, eat refreshments, chat

C. Read the email. Answer the questions.

Hi Sophia,

I'm sorry you missed my parents' 40th anniversary party! It was very fun! There was a delicious meal and dancing. I visited with my aunts and uncles and my cousin Buddy. I haven't seen him in a while. There was a band, so we danced and listened to the music. It was an amazing night. Many people came.

I hope you feel better soon!

Rachel

- 1. What kind of party did Rachel go to?
  - a. a birthday party
  - b. a retirement party
  - c. an anniversary party
- 3. What did they do at the party?
  - a. They danced.
  - b. They played games.
  - c. They told stories.



birthday party, great, play games, give gifts



reunion, lots of fun, visit, tell stories



- 2. Who was not at the party?
  - a. Rachel's mom
  - b. Rachel's friend Sophia
  - c. Rachel's cousin Buddy
- 4. How does Rachel describe the night?
  - a. It was boring and long.
  - b. It was beautiful but tiring.
  - c. It was fun and amazing.

D. Think about an event you went to. Write about it using as much detail as possible. Describe the event and what you did. Listen to the examples.

# ACTIVITY 4: KIM'S PERFECT WEDDING

#### A. Listen to the story. B. Read the story aloud.



Mike and Kim were planning their wedding. "I would like to get married at the beach," said Kim. "That would be perfect." "All I need is you," said Mike.



On the morning of the wedding, Kim took a shower and did her hair. She put on her beautiful dress. "Perfect," she said, looking in the bathroom mirror.



As she climbed out the window, she fell on the ground. "Ow!" she cried, and she rubbed her hurt ankle.



"I would like to have fireworks at my reception too. That would be perfect," she said. "All I need is you," said Mike.



But when she tried to open the door, the doorknob fell off. She couldn't open the door. She couldn't get out of the bathroom.



Kim limped to the beach. Her hair was wet. Her dress was dirty. Her foot was swollen.

### B. Put the sentences in the correct order. Use numbers 2–8.

- \_\_\_\_ Kim ordered flowers, food, and fireworks.
- \_\_\_\_ She got stuck in the bathroom.
- **1** Kim was planning her wedding.
- \_\_\_\_ She took a shower and put on her dress.
- \_\_\_\_ She hurt her ankle. \_\_\_\_ It started to rain.
- She climbed out the bathroom window.
  - \_ She arrived at the beach with wet hair.

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Help your partner retell the story in Activity 4A. Say a sentence for each picture. Did Kim have a perfect wedding? Talk about an event you attended that didn't go as planned.
- C. Take turns using the sentence patterns in Activity 2B to ask and answer questions about the pictures in Activity 3B. Do the same with the pictures below.

D. Take turns talking about an event you recently attended. Use as much detail as possible. Describe the



church meeting, wonderful, sing hymns, study the scriptures

event, and talk about what you did.



graduation, interesting, listen to speakers, watch the graduates



baptism, special, sing songs, give talks



funeral, sad, cry, tell stories, pray



Kim called the band. She reserved the beach. She ordered flowers, food, and fireworks. "This wedding will be perfect," she said.



But Kim was still in the bathroom. Finally, she decided to climb out the small bathroom window.



"All I need is you," she said with a a smile. Mike smiled and kissed her.

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wedding isn't perfect," Mike said.

"I love to dance!" said Kim. "I

want everyone to dance at

Mike.

the reception. That would be

perfect!" "All I need is you," said

At the beach, it started to rain.

The guests went home. Mike

She saw Mike. "I'm sorry the

sat in a chair to wait.



## EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: THE WISE AND FOOLISH YOUNG WOMEN

1. Learn the vocabulary: oil-burning lamp, wise, foolish

Matthew 25:1-13

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



Jesus told a story about ten young women who went to a wedding. They waited for the bridegroom to come and let them in. They did not know what time he would come.



The ten women had oil-burning lamps. Five of the women were wise. They brought extra oil with them.



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The other five women were foolish. They only had the oil that was in their lamps.



The bridegroom did not come for a long time. The oil in the lamps ran out. The five wise women had more oil to put in their lamps. The five foolish women had to go buy more oil.



While they were gone, the bridegroom came. He let the five wise women enter the wedding.



When the five foolish women returned, the door was closed. They could not go to the wedding.

4. Learn the vocabulary: prepare(d), fear

5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"For behold, this life is the time for men to **prepare** to meet God" (Alma 34:32).

*"If ye are prepared ye shall not fear" (Doctrine and Covenants 38:30).* 

6. Ponder: What can you do each day to increase your faith in God? How will this prepare you to meet God?

7. Write ways that you can increase your faith as you prepare to meet God.

8. Speak: Retell the story, and talk about how you can increase your faith as you prepare to meet God.

# ENGLISHCONNECT 2

# LESSON 24: GOALS AND DREAMS

# CONVERSATION: WHAT DO YOU WANT TO DO IN THE FUTURE?

A. Listen. B. Listen and repeat. C. Write the missing word. D. Read aloud.

- 1. So, what do you \_\_\_\_\_ do after you \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2. Actually, I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ to Hawaii! I got a job there. \_\_\_\_\_ be moving in July.
- 3. Wow! That sounds wonderful! What will you \_\_\_\_\_ out there?
- 4. I'll be \_\_\_\_\_ at the university.
- 5. What a great \_\_\_\_\_! Do you plan to \_\_\_\_\_ there \_\_\_\_\_ a few years?
- 6. I'm not completely sure. I really love teaching—I want to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ros \_\_\_\_ I can stay there, \_\_\_\_\_ I will.
- 7. But if you receive a good \_\_\_\_\_\_ offer somewhere else, will you \_\_\_\_\_\_? You know, to be closer to your family?
- 8. Honestly, I'm not sure. \_\_\_\_\_ how things turn out.



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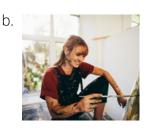
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plan to be doing take it We'll see move teaching graduate stay then I'll if for job opportunity professor

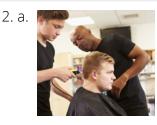
# ACTIVITY 2: TALKING ABOUT FUTURE PLANS

# A. Listen. Choose the best picture.





















m





B. Study the chart. Listen and repeat the examples aloud.

Talking about Future Plans					
l / you / we / they	want to hope to plan to would like to	be get	married / a father / a mother / a teacher married / a degree / a job		
he / she	want <b>s</b> to hope <b>s</b> to plan <b>s</b> to would like to	study go to	English / business / science / education school / another country		

C. Look at the letter. Use the pattern that goes with the letter. Talk about the people in the picture. Listen.

- A. \_\_ want(s) to . . . in the future.
- B. \_\_hope(s) to . . . in the future.
- C. \_\_plan(s) to . . . in the future.

1: D

Sammy—profes-

sional basketball

D. would like to . . . in the future.



3: A

Jorge-

new car

- Example: C
- Marica and Kevin-married
- C. Marica and Kevin plan to get married in the future.

4: C

English

I\_\_\_\_

English teacher

**Asking about Future Plans** 

want to do

plan to do hope to do



business degree

D. Finish the sentences about your future plans. Be creative.

Noa and Cesar—

travel

2: B

Example: When I retire, <u>I would like to move to a warm place.</u>

- 1. When I graduate from college, \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. When I get married, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. When I get a good job, \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. When I finish studying English, \_\_\_\_\_

# **ACTIVITY 3: ASKING ABOUT FUTURE PLANS**

A. Study the chart. Listen and repeat the examples.

B. Listen. Then ask a question about the person's future plans.







What do you

What would you like to do







when you finish school? after you finish school?



# ACTIVITY 4: GERTRUDE ELION'S DREAM

A. Listen to the story. B. Read the story aloud.



Gertrude Elion was born in New York City in 1918. She was a quiet girl. She loved to read. She was short and had red hair.



In 1937, she got a degree in chemistry. But she couldn't get a job in a laboratory because she was a woman.



Seven years later, she started to work in a laboratory. Gertrude and her boss, George Hitchings, studied medicines. They studied sick cells. She worked late and on weekends.



When she was 15, her grandfather got very sick. He was very tired and he had a stomachache. They took him to the hospital. He had cancer. The doctors couldn't help him. He died.



Then her fiancé got sick. He had a fever. He was weak and his feet were swollen. He had an infection in his heart. The doctors couldn't help him. He died. Gertrude was very sad.



Gertrude and George discovered a special medicine. This medicine allows people to have organ transplants. Her medicine saves lives.



Gertrude said, "I want to help sick people." Her father said, "Be a dentist. You will make a lot of money." But Gertrude had a dream. "I want to find new medicines," she said.



"I still want to help sick people," she said. During the day, she worked as a secretary. At night she went to school. She got another degree.



"I'm happy," she said. "It's a wonderful life." In 1988, she received the Nobel Peace Prize. Gertrude Elion never gave up on her dream. What is your dream?

C. Listen to questions 1–6. Say the answers aloud. Listen to the answers.

# PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Help your practice partner review the vocabulary for this lesson in the back of this book. Make sure they understand the meaning of the vocabulary.
- B. Look at the chart in Activity 3A. Take turns asking each other questions about the future. Use each of the five phrases: "What do you want to do, plan to do, hope to do . . . ? What would you like to do . . . ? What are your plans for . . . ?"
- C. Help your partner retell the story in Activity 4 using their own words. Say something for each picture. Ask questions about the story. What did Gertrude's dad hope for? What did Gertrude plan to do? Why did she care about medicine so much? What happened to her fiancé? What did she discover? What is **your** dream?
- D. Talk about two of your goals for the next year. Then talk about what you want to do in the next five years. Use as much detail as possible. Talk about what you will do to accomplish your goals.



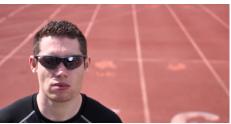
#### **EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: GO FOR THE GOLD**

1. Learn the vocabulary: run track, details, Paralympic Games, Olympics

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



"My name is Jason Smyth. I'm from Ireland. I just got married. I run track, the 100 and 200 meters. I started running when I was 15.



I have less than 10% vision. I can see a lot of colors around, but I can't see the details.



Beijing 2008 was my first Paralympic Games. I won both the 100- and 200-meter races with world records.



Four years later was the Paralympics in London. Thankfully, I did exactly what I did in Beijing—I won the 100 and 200 with world records again.



We all experience challenges and trials in whatever we do. I've learned that what limits me from doing something is me.

Learn the vocabulary: realize, capable, imagine, strengthen
 Read aloud. Then listen.



My goal for the next four years is to make it to the Olympics. I just missed out on doing that by 0.04 seconds. That was difficult.



Hopefully, I can improve a little bit each year. I will keep working hard every day.



The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, my wife, and my family have been great influences and supports for me.



I'm a sprinter. I'm a four-time Paralympic gold medalist. I'm a brand-new husband, and I'm a proud Irishman."

"You are stronger than you **realize**. You are more **capable** than you can **imagine**. You can do it now!" (Dieter F. Uchtdorf, "You Can Do It Now!," *Ensign* or *Liahona,* Nov. 2013, 57).

*"I can do all things through Christ which strengtheneth <i>me"* (Philippians 4:13).

6. Ponder: What are your dreams and goals for the future? What do you need to do to achieve your goals?

7. Write three of your goals for the future. \_

8. Speak: Tell three people about your goals for the future.

# ENGLISHCONNECT 2

### **LESSON 25: REVIEW**

# ACTIVITY 1: ME AND MY FAMILY

#### A. Listen to passages 1–4. Answer the questions.

#### Olga One:

#### Olga Two:

- 1. Who is Olga sitting with? a. her Aunt Nina
  - a. ner Aunt Nin
  - b. her mother
  - c. her grandmother
- a. Olga's hair is straighter and darker.b. Olga's hair is lighter and curlier.

2. How does Olga compare to her mom?

c. Olga's eyes are the same color.

#### Olga Three:

### Olga Four:

- 3. Who are the other two children in the picture?
  - a. her brother and sister
  - b. her niece and nephew
  - c. her cousins

- 4. Who is the oldest sibling?
  - a. Aunt Dasha
  - b. Uncle Val
  - c. Olga's father



»?

5. Who is the tallest sibling? a. Aunt Dasha b. Uncle Val c. Olga's father

B. Pretend you are talking on the phone to someone you have never met. Listen to the example.

Describe yourself. Say:

- what you look like.
- what your personality is like.
- what hobbies and interests you have.



C. Ask the person in the picture how he or she feels. Listen to the answers. Respond with empathy.



1.







### D. You are starting a new job today. Write a response to this text message from your friend.



Hey, good luck with your first day today! I'm excited for you! Are you excited too? Are you nervous? Or maybe you're tired because you didn't sleep well? How do you feel?

# ACTIVITY 2: WHERE I LIVE AND WHAT I DO

A. Read about where Liza lived when she was younger. Answer the questions aloud. Listen to the answers.

#### Liza One

I grew up in a small town in Colorado. My house was at the end of the street. There was a big empty field next to my house. My siblings and I played outside in the field a lot.



1. Where did Liza grow up?

- 2. What was next to her house?
- 3. Where did Liza play?

Liza Two At school, I was very obedient and respectful. Sometimes it was hard to make friends. I had a few friends who were very outgoing and happy, though.



- 4. What was Liza like at school?5. Was it hard or easy for Liza to
  - make friends?

B. Describe where you live now. Listen to the example.

- Tell about your home.
- Tell what you like and dislike about where you live.

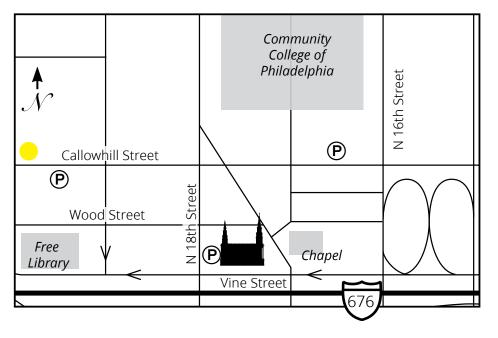


C. Imagine that you just moved away from home. Read the emails from your mom. Answer her questions.

	Email One	Answer One
	How are you doing in your new place? Tell me about your life. What do you do in the morning? What do you do in the afternoon? What do you do in the evening? I miss you. Love, Mom	
	Email Two That's nice. What did you do on the weekend? Hope to see you soon. Love, Mom	Answer Two

### **ACTIVITY 3: IN THE COMMUNITY**

A. Look at the map. Start at the yellow dot. Read the directions. Choose the correct place on the map.



My house is at the west end of Callowhill Street. From there, go east on Callowhill Street. Turn right on North 16th Street. Go three blocks south until you get to Vine Street. Turn right on Vine Street. Then go one block west. The building will be on the right.

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a. Free library b. Church c. Community college B. You need to make a salad for dinner tonight, and you are at an outdoor market.



- Read your list.
- Ask the seller how much each item on your list costs.
- Say how much you need.
- Listen to the examples.

C. Look at the pictures. Write which item you prefer and why. Use at least four different adjectives.



electric scooter



bike



backpack



D. You are visiting the doctor because you hurt your leg or your arm. Read what the doctor says.

- Tell the doctor where your pain is.
- Describe how you got injured.

2.

• Listen to the examples.

Doctor: Hi, what seems to be the problem today? You:

Doctor: That doesn't sound good. Can you tell me exactly where it hurts? You:

Doctor: Did something happen to cause this injury?

You: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Doctor: I think you sprained it. You will need to rest for a week and put ice on it.

# **ACTIVITY 4: SPECIAL EVENTS**

A. Listen to Li talk about her holiday plans. Answer the questions.



- 1. What holiday is Li celebrating?
  - a. Independence Day
  - b. Lunar New Year
    - c. Christmas
  - d. Easter
- 2. Who will be there?
- (Choose all that are correct.) a. her cousins
  - b. her friends
  - c. her grandparents
  - d ber sunts
  - d. her aunts

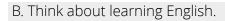
- 3. What will she do? (Choose all that are correct.)
  - a. eat a big dinner
    - b. play games
    - c. watch fireworks
    - d. go to church
- B. Talk about your plans for the next holiday.
  - What is the holiday?
  - Who will you spend it with?
  - Where will you be?
  - What activities will you do?



### **ACTIVITY 5: GOALS AND DREAMS**

A. Say what you would like to do five years from now. Listen to the examples.

- What goals do you want to reach?
- What will you do to accomplish those goals?



#### Write:

- why you are studying English.
- how this course has helped you so far.
- what your goal is for continuing your English study.
- what you will do to reach your goal.

## **ACTIVITY 6: LOST ON THE ICE**

A. Listen to the story. B. Read the story aloud.



When Ernest Shackleton was 40, he dreamed of reaching the South Pole. He sailed his boat to an island in Antarctica called South Georgia.



He and his crew started for the South Pole. But, in February, his boat got trapped in the ice. It was stuck. His men fished for seals, raced the dogs, and played soccer.



"We will walk to water," said Shackleton. They pulled small boats and walked. In December, the men were tired of walking. They camped in tents on the ice.



On April 24th, Shackleton told the men, "I will get help." He left with three men in a small boat. Three weeks later, they were back in South Georgia.



One night in April, the ice cracked. Their tents fell in the water. One of the men fell in too. Shackleton saved him from drowning.



But the town was on the other side of a mountain. They hiked for 36 hours. They stopped to eat, but they didn't sleep. It was too cold.







Then it got dark. It was dark from June until September. The men sang songs and read books. But in September the boat sank under the ice.



After that, they found water. They sailed in the small boats. Then they came to a place called Elephant Island. No one lived there. They were far from home.



After he reached the town, Shackleton got a new boat. He sailed back to Elephant Island to get his men. Everyone was still alive. They were happy to see him. He saved them when they were lost on the ice.

#### C. Read the questions about the story. Answer aloud. Listen to the answers.

- 1. Who was Ernest Shackleton?
- 2. What was Shackleton's goal?
- 3. What two things happened to Shackleton's boat?
- 4. What happened when they were sleeping in tents on the ice?
- 5. Why did Shackleton leave Elephant Island?
- 6. What did Shackleton have to do when he reached South Georgia?
- 7. How many of Shackleton's men died before he returned?

#### PRACTICE PARTNER INSTRUCTIONS

- <u>?</u>)
- A. Help your practice partner describe the physical characteristics of people in his or her family. Ask, "What does your mother look like? What color are your sister's eyes? Who is (<u>adjective</u> + er), your mom or your dad? Who do you look like?"
- B. Now, each of you find a picture of your family. Take turns asking and answering questions about the people in your family. What are their hobbies and interests? Do you have any of the same hobbies or interests? Who are you most like? Compare yourself to two of your family members.
- C. Look at the pictures in Activity 1C. Ask what happened. Ask how the person feels. What can you say to each of them?
- D. Talk about where you grew up. Take turns asking and answering the questions. Say as much as you can. Where did you grow up? What was your house like? What did you like or dislike about your house? What was close to your house? What were you like when you were young?
- E. Look at the conversation in Activity 3D. Help your partner talk about injuries and treatments. Take turns being the doctor and the patient.
- F. Look at Activity 4B. Take turns asking and answering questions about your plans for the next holiday.
- G. Look at the pictures. Help your practice partner talk about one of the events in these pictures. When was it? Who was there? What did you do?









#### EXPANSION ACTIVITIES: LEARNING ENGLISH HAS BLESSED MY LIFE

1. Learn the vocabulary: prophet, translator, apply

#### 2. Listen. 3. Read aloud.



My name is Vinny. I'm from Brazil. This is Kyle. He was one of my companions on my mission. He was the person who helped me to learn English.



Learning English helped me to have a good education today. It helped me to have a good job.



It also helped me be able to listen to the prophets and understand what they are telling me. It has truly blessed my life.



I'm Marco. I'm from Ivory Coast. This is my wife, Elizabeth, and this is baby Lima.



I was blessed on my mission to serve with companions who helped me improve my English.



After I finished my mission, I was blessed to be one of the official translators for the Church in West Africa.



My name is Vanessa. This is my sister Fabiela and my father, Fabio. We live in Honduras. My father has a construction company.



He is leaving on a mission for the Church. My sister and I are going to take care of the business when he is gone. We wouldn't be able to do this without English.



English is helping me to develop new skills and new knowledge that I can apply here in my country. English has really blessed my life.

4. Learn the vocabulary: diligent, seek, mysteries, unfold, perseverance, demonstrate, tough, give up 5. Read aloud. Then listen.

"For he that **diligently seeketh** shall find; and the **mysteries** of God shall be **unfolded** unto them, by the power of the Holy Ghost" (1 Nephi 10:19).

"Perseverance is demonstrated by those who keep going when the going gets tough, who don't give up even when others say, 'It can't be done'" (James E. Faust, "Perseverance," *Ensign* or *Liahona,* May 2005, 51).

- 6. Ponder: How will you be able to bless others by learning English? What will you do after you finish this English class to keep learning English?
- 7. Write a list of three or more goals for improving your English skills.

8. Speak: Tell your English goals to three people.

104 | EnglishConnect 2—Vocabulary

EnglishConnect 2: Vo	cabulary L	ESSON 1	
board chair computer desk partner	screen vocabulary command focus introduce	listen to look at pay attention practice quiet down	request respond return to say write
	L	ESSON 2	
cook listen to music play soccer play the violin sew shop sing travel watch sports watch TV	Australia Austria Brazil Cambodia Canada Colombia Egypt England Ethiopia	France Germany India Israel Italy Japan Korea Mexico Nigeria	Peru Philippines Russia South Africa Switzerland Taiwan Turkey United States
	L	ESSON 3	
cook dance fish jog paint play read socialize swim	visit friends write baseball basketball bowling card games crossword puzzles games museum	soccer sports volleyball boring challenging fun interesting relaxing tiring	

adopted	family reunion	great-grandmother
divorced	family gathering	mother-in-law
married	aunt	nephew
separated	brother-in-law	newlyweds
artistic	cousin	niece
athletic	father-in-law	relatives
funny	grandchildren	sister-in-law
intelligent	granddaughter	stepbrother
tall	grandfather/grandpa	stepfather
short	grandmother/grandma	stepmother
thin	grandparents	stepsister
fat	grandson	uncle
young	great-grandfather	
old		

married	young	competitive
single	old	energetic
bald	loud	funny
long hair	quiet	generous
short hair	strong	intelligent
beard	weak	kind
glasses	dark	nice
tall	light	outgoing
short	athletic	patient
big	beautiful	pretty
small	cheerful	thoughtful

e			
afraid	embarrassed	responsible	
amused	enthusiastic	rude	
angry	exhausted	sad	
arrogant	frustrated	selfish	
bored	grouchy	surprised	
calm	guilty	tired	
competitive	happy	uneasy	
courageous	jealous	uplifting	
creative	mad	wild	
distracted	patient	youthful	
	LE	SSON 7	
can you	l have to	clean	make a phone call
could you	l need to	contact	pick up
will you	l need you to	drop off	run an errand
would you	l want you to	fix	send
l can	please	give a ride	take care of
l can't	P	lend	take someone to a place
	LE	SSON 8	
avenue	by the desert	safe	peaceful
city	in the mountains	unsafe	lively
community	near a lake	noisy	beautiful
neighborhood	near the ocean	quiet	ugly
road	on the coast	not crowded	expensive
street	busy	crowded	inexpensive
town	polluted	historic	dry
village	popular	modern	humid

#### across from energetic obedient angry friendly outgoing between athletic funny patient close to bossy far from brave happy respectful helpful shy in front of calm silly careful near to honest kind talkative creative next to disobedient well-behaved there was mean disrespectful wild there were neat

**LESSON 9** 

#### **LESSON 10**

brush my teeth	get up	go to the doctor	always
dance	go dancing	go to the mechanic	usually
do chores	go grocery shopping	go to work	sometimes
do laundry	go home	listen to music	never
eat	go ice skating	play sports	every day
eat breakfast	go on a date	shop	every weekend
eat dinner	go snowboarding	study	once a week
eat lunch	go to a concert	take a shower	once a month
exercise	go to bed	visit relatives	once in a while
get dressed	go to school	watch TV	right now
get my hair cut	go to the dentist	work	
get sick			

#### LESSON 11

a week ago last Monday last month last week last weekend last year over the weekend the other day yesterday 108 | EnglishConnect 2—Vocabulary

#### LESSON 12

ate	left	a few days ago
brought	made	a few years ago
came	read	last month
caught	said	last week
did	saw	last year
fell	told	on Saturday
found	took	one day ago
gave	traveled	one year ago
got	visited	yesterday
had	went	

#### LESSON 13

Christmas	kept	taught
New Year's Eve	known	thought
became	met	traveled
began	paid	was
built	ran	were
forgot	remembered	worked
graduated	sat	wrote
held	spent	

count	strawberry	fish	bunch
apple	tomato	flour	can
banana	watermelon	juice	cup
bean	noncount	lettuce	glass
carrot	beef	meat	head
coconut	bread	noodles	kilogram
egg	broccoli	pork	liter
kiwi	butter	rice	loaf
mango	cereal	soup	ounce
nut	cheese	sugar	pound
pineapple	chicken	wheat	quart
potato	corn	bag	

affordable	tight	estimate	penalty
expensive	loose	expense	price
cheap	comfortable	fee	rate
high-tech	uncomfortable	fine	tax
simple	dressy	good deal	toll
modern	casual	payment	tuition
old-fashioned			

#### LESSON 16

airport	department store	mall
bakery	embassy	movie theater
bank	fire station	museum
bookstore	garage	neighborhood
bowling alley	gas station	park
bus stop	government building	police station
cathedral	grocery store	post office
church	health club	restaurant
city hall	hospital	stadium
convenience store	library	store

bring	celebration	parade
come	circus	picnic
invite	concert	play
in a few months	elections	race
in one week	fair	rodeo
in two days	fundraiser	school performance
next year		

celebrate relax spend time visit festival festivities	independence holiday national holiday religious holiday traditions vacation	always every frequently never often	once in a while rarely seldom sometimes usually
	LESS	ON 19	
by boat by bus by car by plane by train amusement park aquarium art gallery beach campsite fair	island lake mountain museum national park nightclub scenery sites summer camp theater tour	water park zoo backpack bike boat camp explore fish get away go rock climbing hike	relax sail sightsee ski surf swim travel try new food unwind
	LESS	ON 20	
need to should shouldn't once a week three times a day twice a day bruised exhausted mild red severe sprained swollen tired	avoid bathe cover elevate exercise gain weight ice it put heat on it rest rub stretch take it easy take medicine wrap it	diet doctor's note drug ointment physician prescription prevention referral specialist surgery treatment	

	<b>a</b> 1						
allergy	flu	sore throat	light-headed				
body ache	gas	sprain	nauseated				
broken arm	headache	stiff muscle	sick				
broken bone	heartburn	stomachache	terrible				
chills	insomnia	stuffy nose	tired				
cold	medication	sunburn	weak				
cough	pills	ulcer	bruise				
cramps	rash	watery eyes	burn				
diarrhea	runny nose	awful	cut				
dry eyes	sharp pain	constipated	pull a muscle				
earache	sore muscle	dizzy	scrape				
fever							
	LESS	ON 22					
in a few days	birthday	graduation					
next week	bridal shower	invitation	invitation				
soon	celebration	party					
tomorrow night	condolences	reception					
anniversary	congratulations	refreshments					
announcement	engagement	retirement					
baby shower	funeral	special occasion					
best wishes	gift	wedding					
	LESS	ON 23					
		•••					
amazing	lots of fun	visit					
awesome	strange	walk down the	alsie				
awful	surprising	watch					
beautiful	tiring	bride					
bittersweet	wonderful	groom					
boring	chat	gift					
creepy	dance	wedding					
exciting	dress up	reception					
frightening	get together	graduation					
horrible	throw the bouquet	ceremony					
long	toast the bride and gr	oom					

l hope to	education	engineer
l plan to	engineering	farmer
l want to	English	fisherman
l would like to	math	nurse
get a degree	science	photographer
get married	architect	politician
have children	artist	restaurant owner
biology	bank teller	salesperson
business	cashier	scientist
chemistry	doctor	teacher

#### LESSON 1

# Activity 2C:

Short a	Long a	Short e	Long e	Short i	Long i	Short o	Long o	Short u	Long u
apple	аре	end	eat	itch	ice	odd	over	under	unit
and	ate	egg	ear	it	ivy	olive	open	up	United States
at	April	exit	eel	in	ľm	on	old	uncle	uniform

### Activity 3D:

1. Rosa 2. Jinyou 3. Zack 4. Veronica 5. Quincy 6. Gabrielle

LESSON 2					
Conversation: 1. What's 2. Where 3. from 4. about 5. this 6. She's	<b>Activity 3A:</b> 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a 5. c 6. b	Activity 5C: 1. likes 2. What 3. don't like 4. So Activity 5E:	Activity 6A: 1. She doesn't 2. He likes to si 3. They like to p 4. They don't lil Activity 6B:	ing. play the piano. ke to cook.	
7. likes 8. like	6.6 <b>Activity 3B:</b> 4, 1, 3, 2	2. bto tr3. abake		1. Sarah is from England. She likes to travel. She likes to bake. She bakes with her friends.	
		LESSC	)N 3		
<b>Conversation:</b> 1. what 2. Well 3. Why	Activity 2C: 1. jogging 2. cooking 3. dancing	Activity 3A: 1. a 4. a 2. b 5. b 3. b 6. a		Activity 3C: 1. b 3. a 2. c 4. b	
4. because 5. basketball 6. don't 7. not 8. doing 9. boring	ecause4. readingActivity 3B:asketball5. bowling2. I don't like doion't6. doesn'tpuzzles becauot7. playing games3. He likes fishingoing8. likes4. We don't like doi		se it's boring. g because it's fun.	<ul> <li>Activity 5C:</li> <li>1. Sunday likes working with old people. He likes baking and smiling. He likes African dancir</li> <li>2. He likes working with old people because he feels happ with them.</li> </ul>	

10. painting

<b>Conversation:</b> 1. family 2. have 3. just 4. cousins 5. actually	<b>Activity 2B:</b> 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. c	Activity 4A: 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. a Activity 4B:	<ul> <li>Activity 4C:</li> <li>1. cousin, red hair and freckles, smart</li> <li>2. grandmother, gray hair, a good cook</li> <li>3. brother, dark curly hair, athletic</li> <li>4. aunt, three children, married, 40 years old</li> </ul>
6. really 7. is 8. older 9. same 10. Where 11. works	Activity 3B: 1. have 2. is 3. have 4. has 5. are 6. has	<ol> <li>My great-grandfather has a beard.</li> <li>My brother and my sister are quiet.</li> <li>My sister has curly hair.</li> <li>My grandparents are old.</li> <li>My niece is tall.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Activity 5B:</li> <li>1. Are they married?</li> <li>2. What does she like doing?</li> <li>3. How old are you?</li> <li>4. Do you like playing soccer?</li> <li>5. Where do they live?</li> <li>6. Is she athletic?</li> </ul>

<b>Conversation:</b> 1. taller 2. beard 3. funny 4. What's 5. thin 6. like, than 7. quiet 8. outgoing 9. bald	<ul> <li>Activity 2C:</li> <li>1. Kylie is louder than Sam.</li> <li>2. Danilo is younger than Grandma.</li> <li>3. Odalys is shorter than Paula.</li> <li>Activity 3B:</li> <li>1. My cousin is more athletic than my sister.</li> <li>2. Cars are more expensive than bicycles.</li> <li>3. Jacques is less competitive than the other chefs.</li> <li>4. My uncle is more generous than my aunt.</li> </ul>	Activity 4B 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a 5. b	<ul> <li>Activity 5B:</li> <li>1. She is going to a family reunion.</li> <li>2. He swims at the beach.</li> <li>3. Grandma and Chloe's aunts are cooking.</li> <li>4. She takes the cousins to the park. She plays soccer.</li> <li>5. He likes to read.</li> <li>6. She feels loved. She knows they love her.</li> </ul>
	LESSON	0	

Conversation: 1. all right 2. sad 3. frustrated 4. What 5. Why 6. had 7. it's, be 8. sorry, mad 9. because, phone	Activity 2A: 2. Yes, she is mad! 3. No, he's sad. 4. No, she's tired. 5. I'm bored. 6. Yes, I'm so happy! Activity 3A: There is no correct answer for these questions. They are opinions.	Activity 4A: 1. f 2. h 3. d 4. b 5. a 6. g 7. c 8. e Activity 4B: There is no co	1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b	<ul> <li>Activity 6C:</li> <li>1. King Sinbad was not calm.</li> <li>2. He had a falcon.</li> <li>3. Sinbad got lost. He was thirsty.</li> <li>4. Finally, he found some water.</li> <li>5. The falcon spilled the water twice.</li> <li>6. He killed the falcon with his sword.</li> <li>7. Then he saw a snake in the water.</li> <li>8. Sinbad was very sad.</li> </ul>
		LESSON	7	
Conversation: 1. can 2. can't 3. could 4. need, phone call 5. drop 6. pick 7. take	Activity 2B: 1. Can you make dinner? 2. Will you help cook? 3. Could you help clean? 4. I want you to clean. 5. Would you fix the sink?		n these clothes? he floors? your cousin a ri	Hi, Joe. I am late because I locked my keys in my car.
		LESSON	8	
Conversation: 1. Street 2. lively 3. living 4. house, noisy 5. Road, historic 7. neighborhood, beautiful 8. move Conversation E: 1. d 2. a	<ul> <li>Activity 2B:</li> <li>1. My street is busy at nig</li> <li>2. My neighborhood is un</li> <li>3. My city is historic.</li> <li>4. My town is cold.</li> <li>Activity 3C Examples:</li> <li>1. The village is by a lake. village is not busy. The is beautiful.</li> <li>2. The street is quiet. The is safe.</li> <li>3. The neighborhood is provided in the neighborhood is beautiful.</li> </ul>	nsafe. 2. on 3. in 4. in 5. on The 6. in e village 7. on e street popular. pusy.	<ol> <li>Tabat</li> <li>Yes. It</li> <li>The a</li> <li>The o</li> <li>feel sa</li> <li>She ta</li> <li>to the</li> </ol> Activity My hom it there town is some same same same same same same same sa	a grew up in Costa Rica. is peaceful. It has beautiful beaches. r is fresh. Her garden is always green. rganization of the Church made her

EnglishConnect	2	LESSO	N 9		
Conversation: 1. grow, Where 2. next to, there was 3. was, near, were 4. shy, had Conversation E: 1. c 2. a 3. c	3. a 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. b <b>Activity 2C:</b> Example: Thei house. There	<ol> <li>My sister and I were silly.</li> <li>He was mean.</li> <li>I was happy</li> </ol>		Activity 3C: 1. b, e, f Activity 3D: 1. Izak and his family had a small boat. They had a motorcycle too. Also, they had three big dogs.	
		LESSON	10		
<b>Conversation:</b> 1. every 2. usually, always 3. Sometimes 4. busy 5. When 6. once a month	Conversation 1. b 2. a Activity 2B: <u>1 2 3 4</u> 3 2 1 2 1 3 3 3 2 1 2 1	1. I alway 2. I usua 3. I some	lly go grocery s	th my sister on Friday. shopping on Saturday morning. ny house on Saturday.	
		LESSON	11		
1. yesterday       1.         2. went       2.         3. did       3.         4. bought       4.         5. a week ago       5.         6.       7.         8.       9.	bought <u>1</u> shopped 2	ivity 3B: Activity 3C <u>2</u> 1. C, E, H 1 2. B, F, G 2 3. A, D, I 4 3	Friday. On So I took medic watched mo <b>Example 2:</b> On Friday, I friend and I Saturday, I c kitchen. In th	er the weekend. I didn't feel well on aturday, I woke up with a fever. ine. I slept. I stayed home all day and	
LESSON 12					
<ul> <li>Conversation:</li> <li>1. Why</li> <li>2. wanted, How, What</li> <li>3. played, watched</li> <li>Activity 2D:</li> <li>1. I drove to work on</li> <li>2. I rode the bus hor</li> <li>3. On Sunday, I called</li> <li>4. Last Saturday, I plane</li> <li>nephew.</li> </ul>	at 2 3 1 Monday. ne on Friday. 5 d my family.	<ul> <li>Activity 3C:</li> <li>1. I had a lot of fun.</li> <li>2. I paid bills Saturday</li> <li>3. I rode the bus beca my car.</li> <li>4. I stayed home beca on my birthday.</li> <li>5. I played in a tourna week.</li> <li>6. The meeting was lo boring.</li> </ul>	use I crashed use I felt sick ment last	Activity 3D Example: I learned a new game. My friends really like this game, so they wanted me to learn. Last weekend, I went to my friend's house to play the game. My friend taught me how to play it. It was hard to learn, so I didn't really like the game.	

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Conversation: 1. were 2. graduation 3. How 4. brought, graduated 5. years ago, it's been 6. when, had, stayed up, was 7. didn't do, after, went, slept	<ul> <li>Activity 2C:</li> <li>1. she brushed her teeth.</li> <li>2. she walked to work.</li> <li>3. she put on her uniform.</li> <li>4. she made bread.</li> <li>5. Diana took a bus</li> <li>6. Diana texted a friend</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Activity 2E:</li> <li>When I left work, I was really tired.</li> <li>When I got on the bus, I saw my for a picked up dinner at a restaurant.</li> <li>I went home when I was done with.</li> <li>When I arrived home, I took my determined.</li> <li>Activity 2F:</li> <li>1. Isa broke her wrist when she rad years old. It hurt for a long time.</li> <li>2. Eric was in school when he word award for having a good score.</li> </ul>	riend Sumi. when I got off the bus. th dinner. og for a walk. an in a race. She was 14 e. n an award. He won an	
LESSON 14					
<b>Conversation:</b> 1. the market	Activity 2B: 1. a	<b>Activity 3B:</b> 1. b	<b>Activity 3C:</b> 1. She needs two loaves of bread.	Activity 3E: 1. b	

**LESSON 13** 

2. She needs three liters of milk. 2. pick up 2. b 2. a, c, d 2. a 3. a loaf of 3. b 3. b 3. d 3. She needs a pineapple. 4. She needs a bag of rice. 4. a 4. a, b 4. a 5. She needs a bunch of bananas. 5. tomatoes, fruit 5. b 5. b, d Activity 4B: 6. a 6. b, d 6. She needs a head of lettuce. 1. is, does, cost, costs 7. b **Conversation E:** 2. are, do, cost Activity 3D: 3. are, do, cost, cost 4 2 1 5 4. is, does, costs 3

#### **LESSON 15**

Conversation:	Conversation E:	Activ	ity 2C:	Activity 2D:
1. smartphone	1. с	1. a	3. b	1. tighter than
2. kind	2. b	2. a	4. b	2. looser than
3. compact				3. less comfortable than
4. expensive				4. more old-fashioned than
5. much				5. less modern than
6. deal				

7. cheaper

4. make

6. meat

1. b

2. a

3. c

#### LESSON 16

#### **Conversation:**

- 1. movie theater
- 2. between, mall, down
- 3. close to
- 4. museum
- 5. across from
- 6. where

#### **Conversation E:**

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. b

- Activity 3B: 1. The school is next to the store. OR
  - The school is close to the store.
- 2. The store is between the cafe and the school.
- 3. The brown house is behind the cafe.
- 4. The red house is in front of the purple and blue house.

#### Activity 3C:

- 1. c 2. a 3. d
- 4. b
- 5. c

# Activity 3D:

- 1. a
- 2. b
- 3. a

#### Activity 3E:

Go east on First Street. Go straight for two blocks. Turn right on Third Street. The store is on the right, behind the library.

Conversation: 1. going, party 2. going to be 3. will, surprise 4. invite 5. planning 6. bring 7. going to, drinks 8. I'll	Conversation E: 1. c 2. b 3. b	<ul> <li>Activity 3B:</li> <li>1. There will be a model in the park.</li> <li>2. There is a concert Saturday.</li> <li>3. It's going to be co</li> <li>4. It is at 7:00 tomor</li> </ul>	fami t on 2. She on T Id. 3. On S	Sunday, she will ly at 7:00 p.m. will take a biolo hursday.	gy t	dinner with her test at 10:00 a.m. ng to go camping
		LESSON 1	18			
Conversation: 1. going to, Eve 2. probably, spend 3. sounds 4. plans 5. will Activity 2C 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. a	<ul> <li>spends time with</li> <li>2. No, his friends he year.</li> <li>3. Maybe. He has to need to work.</li> <li>Activity 3C Examp</li> <li>1. I always watch fir</li> <li>2. I never go out to</li> <li>3. I always go to che</li> <li>4. I sometimes go of</li> <li>5. Easter week is m during the week, camp on the bea</li> </ul>	ave other plans this o see how late he will <b>les:</b> reworks on New Year's dinner on Christmas.	5 4 1 3 2 6 5 Eve. y. very warm he the beach. My wim. We never	always clea 2. We light the 3. We share a 4. Sometimes re during Easte whole family g	n o e lai de we r. V	mps and we pray. licious feast. e exchange gifts. Ve never work . We usually
		LESSON 1	19			
Conversation: 1. take 2. leave 3. will 4. going, mountains 5. What, do 6. to hike, un- wind, scenery 7. will have	<ul> <li>Activity 2C Examp</li> <li>1. I'll go to the beac vacation. I'm goir swim and relax.</li> <li>2. I'm going to a lak vacation. I'll fish a camp.</li> </ul>	th on 1. I'm going ng to 2. We will go 3. I'm travel te on OR and I am drivi	: to go by bus t o by train to th ing by car to C ng to Californi going by boat	ne mountains. California. a.	wa ea hił ric se bu ea	t <b>ivity 4C:</b> atch fire dancing t pineapple ke to a waterfall le in a canoe e a temple by souvenirs t pork vim with turtles
		LESSON 2	20			
Conversation: 1. today 2. feel, tired 3. sick 4. sleep 5. should, rest Conversation E: 1. b 2. a 3. c	<ol> <li>No, smoking is no</li> <li>Yes, exercising is</li> <li>Yes, eating vegeta</li> </ol>	a healthy habit. ables is a healthy habit. is not a healthy habit. . b 5. a	<ol> <li>You need a</li> <li>You should</li> <li>You should</li> </ol>			Activity 4D Example: I sleep at least eight hours every night. I drink lots of water and eat vegetables every day. I try to eat fruit every morning. Every week I exercise. I also go to the doctor when I am sick.

#### Conversation:

- 1. feeling today
- 2. headache, back
- 3. sharp pain
- 4. hurt
- 5. box
- 6. muscle, medication
- 7. week

### **Conversation E:**

1. a, b	2. с	3. b

#### Activity 2A:

	34	
2		5

#### Activity 3A:

- 2. I feel light-headed.
- 3. I have cramps.
- 4. I have heartburn.
- 5. I have an earache.
- 6. I feel weak.
- 7. I have a fever.
- 8. I have very dry eyes.

# Activity 4A:

1.a 2.b 3.a

#### Activity 4B:

- 1. Rest for two days.
- 2. Drink more water.
- 3. Don't exercise for a week.
- 4. Drink lots of water and eat fruit.
- 5. Wrap and elevate it.
- 6. Take allergy medicine.

# Activity 6B:

- 1. three
- 2. energy
- 3. very tired
- 4. to get more sleep, to eat better
- 5. I feel tired. I don't have energy.

When I was seven, I became very sick. I was

sick for a month. I was nauseous, I had sore

muscles, and I was weak. My mom took me

to the doctor. I had an infection. The doctor

- 6. for two weeks
- 7. a virus
- 8. take care of her family

Activity 6C Example:

gave me medicine to take.

# Activity 5A:

- 1. for five days
- 2. since this morning
- 3. for a week
- 5. since yesterday
- 6. for two years
- 7. since last Monday
- 8. for a week

Activity 3C:

Activity 3D:

1. The party will be at 7:00.

3. There will be dancing.

2. The celebration will be on Saturday.

4. There will be a party at my house.

- 9. since January
- 10. for a week and a half

# **LESSON 22**

#### **Conversation:**

- 1. wedding 2. married
- 3. When 4. will be
- 5. reception 6. invitation

#### **Conversation E:**

1.c 2.b 3.b

#### **Conversation F:**

1.c 2.a 3.b

#### Activity 2C:

- 1.b 3.c 2.a 4.b

# Activity 2D:

1.b 2.a 3.b 4.a 5.a 6.a

Event 1: 40th-anniversary celebration Time: 8:00 Day: Saturday Details: There will be dancing and a live band. There will be cake, drinks, and snacks. **Event 2**: Surprise graduation party Time: 1:00 Date: June 7th Details: It will be at the park. There will be pizza and games. Come early because it's a surprise.

#### Activity 3E Example:

Would you like to go to the wedding reception with me? It is on Saturday, August 14th, at 7:00 at the church. There will be refreshments and dancing. I can pick you up at 6:30.

**LESSON 21** 

4. for a month

Conversation:	Activity 3A:
Conversation:	ACLIVILY 3A:

- 1. wedding
- 2. ceremony, looked

5. before, was

6. ate, danced

9. there were

3. cried 4. reception

3	1	4
5	6	2

# Activity 3D Example:

**LESSON 23** 

Last month I went to my friend's funeral. She was 84 years old. It was sad. People cried. After the funeral we had lunch. We talked about her while we ate. It was nice to remember her life. She was a good person.

able	<b>Activity 3C:</b>	Activ	Activity 4B:	
		2	7	
	2. b	4	5	
	2. 0 3. a	1	6	
	Э. а 4-с	3	8	
	<del>т</del> . С			

Activity 2A:

1. b

2. c

3. a

4. b

#### 10. was

7. came

8. visited

#### LESSON 24

# **Conversation:**

- 1. plan to, graduate
- 2. move, I'll
- 3. be doing
- 4. teaching
- 5. opportunity, stay, for
- 6. professor, if, then
- 7. job, take it
- 8. We'll see

### **Activity 2D Examples:**

- 1. When I graduate from college, I hope to get a good job.
- 2. When I get married, I hope to travel with my spouse.
- 3. When I get a good job, I plan to buy a house.
- 4. When I finish studying English, I plan to go to college.

#### **LESSON 25**

#### Activity 1A:

- 1. b 2. a
- 3. c
- 4. c
- 5. b

#### Activity 1D Example:

Hi! I'm tired because I spent all night thinking about the new job. I'm also nervous because I have to learn so much today. I am excited too! I'm excited because this is the perfect job. I feel lucky to have it.

Activity 2C Examples: Answer One: Hi, Mom. My life here is very busy. I usually get up at 6:30. Sometimes I eat breakfast. I always go to work at 8:00. I finish work at 4:00. Sometimes I exercise after work. I usually cook dinner and eat at home. I go to English class on Wednesdays.

Answer Two: Last weekend on Saturday, I went shopping and cleaned my apartment. In the afternoon I took a nap. In the evening I went dancing with some friends. On Sunday I went to church. I had dinner with church friends after church.

#### Activity 3A:

b

#### Activity 3C Examples:

1. I prefer an electric scooter. It is faster than a bike. It is also more high-tech. It is small, so I can take it everywhere. It is more expensive than a bike, but it is also more modern.

2. I prefer the briefcase. It is dressier and more modern. It is compact. It is more expensive, but it looks better. It can carry everything I need for work.

#### Activity 4A:

1. b 2. a, c, d 3. a, c

#### Activity 5B Example:

I am studying English so that I can take international phone calls at work. This course has helped me feel more confident in English. I learned to talk more to people in English. I can ask and answer questions now. My goal is to be comfortable talking on the phone in English.

I will talk to my classmates on the phone after this class is over.



